The Columbian
AND
Bloomsburg Democrat.
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CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
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JOB PRINTING
of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

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One inch	$2.00	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
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Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
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Local notices, twenty cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $2.00 per year for the first two lines, and $1.00 for each additional line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—WILLIAM ELWELL.
Associate Judges—IRAM DEEB, ISAAC S. MONGOE.
Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
Register & Recorder—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
District Attorney—JAMES BRYSON, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMON.
Commissioners—CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. SNYDER, WILLIAM SHAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors—U. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCNEAL.
County Superintendent—WM. H. SNYDER.
Bloom Poor District—Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON KELLER, Givenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GROTZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, I. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbian County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—WM. PEARSON, Pres't., J. H. ROHRER, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—D. J. BROWER President, C. G. BARLEY, Sec'y.

Church Directory.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sabbath Services—10½ A. M.; 7½ P. M.
Sabbath School—9 A. M.
Prayer Meeting—Wednesday, 7½ P. M.
Seats free; no pews rented; strangers welcome.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

D. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market st, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

F. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old Post Office.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main st., below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

DR. A. L. TURNER, Physician and Surgeon, office over Klein's Drug Store, residence one door below Rev. D. J. Waller.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

BOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. B. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades & fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Gine Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. S. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billiard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbader Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in fact all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

F. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Man facturing.

Buck Horn.

M. & G. W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-tf.

HARVEY B. WALKER,
WITH
MEAR, SCHROPP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 108 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Original assorted packages of Queensware constantly on hand. feb23'72-tf.

Business Cards.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.29'67

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE above Hower's Store, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

B. FRANK ZARR
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office with J. G. Freeze, Brower's Block.
Can be consulted in German or English. mch2'72-tf

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
Jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 297.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done. Jan 17'71—tf

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied. oct27'71-1y.

BERNHARD STOHNER
Would inform his friends and the public that he has taken possession of
THE OLD STAND,
in the Exchange Block, so long occupied by him and will carry on the business of a
FIRST-CLASS BAKERY,
He brings to the business an experience of many years and assures the community that he will furnish the best of bread, cakes, rolls, biscuit, &c, fresh every day. He proposes also to keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of
FINE CONFECTIONERY,
of all grades. French candies and those of domestic manufacture, always to be had, wholesale and retail at lowest rates. Adjoining the Bakery and Confectionery is a well established
RESTAURANT,
where may be found Ale and Lager, and Refreshments, Oysters in season and the various little delicacies which suit the public taste. There is also a
FINE ICE CREAM SALOON,
over the confectionery store, where ladies and gentlemen can obtain the best of Ice Cream in season.
A fair share of the public custom is requested and no pains will be spared to ensure satisfaction april 20,'72-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.
CHRIS. A. KLEIM
Having purchased the business of E. P. Lutz now offers at the old stand, a choice assortment of
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY SOAPS,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
And a general assortment of the choicest goods usually found in first class establishments.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded.
On Sunday's, open from 8 a. m., to 10 a. m., and from 2 p. m., to 4 p. m.
GERMAN AND ENGLISH SPOKEN.
feb 9'72-tf

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1'71—ly

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$500,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Orient	500,000
Royal of Liverpool	10,000,000
Danville Mutual	5,000
Springfield	500,000
Germania, N. Y.	500,000
International, N. Y.	1,59,783
Farmers' Danville	800,000
Lancaster City	200,000
Home	2,000,000

FREAS BROWN, *Agent.*
oct12'71—1y. BLOOMSBURG Pa.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and adapted to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsted and fancy work, TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address,
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-1y. Bath, Me.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stogs boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stogs shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid battoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Jan 1'71

THE ORANGEVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
of the most Approved Patterns.
Mill Gearing,
Jobbing,
and Castings
of all descriptions.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Lumber, &c., &c.
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
We would announce to the public in general that we have taken the well known Agricultural Works of this place and shall make it our aim to manufacture First Class Agricultural Implements equal to any other makers in the State, such as
Threshing Machines,
Both Lever and Tread Power,
Plows of every Description,
among which will be the celebrated
KNOB MOUNTAIN HERO,
acknowledged by all to be the best plow extant for the farmer. Also the
Champion, Sterns' Patent and The Montrose.
ALSO, DOUBLE CORN PLOWS,
Cultivators,
Iron Kettles,
and Castings
of every description. We shall use none but the best materials and employ none but competent and experienced mechanics and our prices will compare favorably with any other manufacturers.
Country Produce, Lumber, Old Iron, taken in exchange. We also have a store in connection with our Agricultural Works, where may be found a full assortment of MERCHANDISE which will be sold at small profits. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we guarantee satisfaction.
march2'72-1y.

Hotels.

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT.
Espy, Pa.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. may 5,'69-tf Main St., below Market.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
DOWN IN PRICE
J. H. MAIZE'S,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG.
A new stock of Fresh Goods just opened at MAIZE'S.
Teas, Coffees, Sugars,
SYRUPS and MOLASSES, CHEESE, MEATS, SALT, FISH, etc.
VEGETABLES, HERMETICALLY Sealed Goods,
JELLIES and PRESERVES, PICKLES, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
An Elegant Assortment
OF
QUEENSWARE
Constantly on hand.
Also WOOD, WILLOW and GLASSWARE of every variety.
All my goods are of the first quality and at extremely low prices.
dec27'71-tf J. H. MAIZE.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN,
CAPS, CAPES & TORCHES,
Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.
CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 204 Church Street.
PHILADELPHIA.
June 24, 1872-6mos.

DR. CARPENTER.
136 MULBERRY STREET,
NEWARK, N. J.
Is now treating successfully,
Consumption, Bronchitis,
and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, with his
COMPOUND MEDICATED INHALATIONS, CONCENTRATED FOOD, AND COUGH SYRUP.
During the past ten years Dr. Carpenter has treated and cured thousands of cases of the above named diseases, and has now in his possession certificates of cures from every part of the country. The Inhalation is breathed directly into the lungs, soothing and healing over all inflamed surfaces, entering into the blood, it imparts vitality as it permeates to every part of the system. The sensation is not unpleasant and the first inhalation often gives very decided relief particularly when there is much difficulty of breathing. Under the influence of my remedies, the cough soon grows easier, the night sweats cease, the hectic flush vanishes and with improving digestion the patient rapidly gains in flesh, and health regained in a few months.
The Concentrated Food rapidly builds up the most debilitated patient, presenting to the stomach food all ready for assimilation and made into good, rich healthy blood.
The Cough Syrup is to be taken at night to relieve the cough and enable the patient to obtain sleep. *Full directions accompany each box of my remedies, which consist of*
One Inhaler; One Bottle Alterative Inhalant; One Bottle of Soothing Healing Inhalant; One Bottle of Anti Siamese male Inhalant;
One Bottle Concentrated Food;
One Bottle to Cough by.
Price of Box containing remedies to last one month, $10; two months, $18; three months, $25. Sent to any place C. O. D. by express on receipt of taining large list of patients cured sent free. Letters of inquiry must contain one dollar to insure answer. Address,
A. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Newark, N. J.
Dr. CARPENTER'S CATARRH REMEDY will give immediate relief, and will effect a permanent cure in from one to three months. Price or remedy to last one month, $5; two months, $8; three months, $10.
CANCER in all its forms successfully treated. Send for list of patients cured, to
A. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Newark, N. J.
july 29 1yr

THE BEST, CHEAPEST,
AND
MOST DURABLE PAINTS
now in use are the
Montour Slate Paints.
They cover one-third more surface, last longer and cost less than White Lead, the place of which they are very generally taking where economy, durability and neatness are desired.
Hear what our Practical Painters says:
We give no great pleasure to recommend your Slate Paints—as supplying a need we have long felt, and overcoming a great difficulty, which has long been acknowledged by all practical Painters, namely the oxidation of White Lead, by the atmosphere, causing it to crumble or chalk off.
I am satisfied they will paint one-third more surface and in a better manner than any other pigment I have ever used.
GEO. C. GOULD.
Kingston, June 25, '72.
We cheerfully concur in the above opinion expressed by Mr. Geo. C. Gould.
B. G. VANNATTA.
A. W. MONROE.
B. F. HICKS.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST, AND SAMPLE CARD.
DREHER, REAY & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers,
sept. 6,'72-3m. Rupert, Pa.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
We have opened for the FALL TRADE, the largest and best assorted stock of
PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,
Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware.
IN THE UNITED STATES.
Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices, and furnish the best quality of Goods.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
CELEBRATED AMERICAN WASHER.
Price $5.50
THE MOST PERFECT AND SUCCESSFUL WASHER EVER MADE.
Agents wanted for the American Washer in all parts of the State.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK, CORK, AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS,
THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.
OCEANIC, CELTIC, REPUBLIC, ATLANTIC, BALTIC, ADRIATIC, MAJESTIC.
Sailing from New York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, and Cork Harbor the day following.
From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivalled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.
Saloons, state rooms, smoking-room and bath rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
RATES—Saloon, $80 gold. Steerage, $30 currency to London, Liverpool, Glasgow Londonderry, and Bristol. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33 currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburgh, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, etc.
Drafts from £1 upwards.
For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's Offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent,
Or to W. PEARSON,
aug31 Bloomsburg, Pa.

BAUGH'S
Raw Bone Superior Phosphate
OF LIME,
Standard highly improved and warranted.
Price, $45,00 per 2,000 lbs., Cash.
New Works now in operation.
New Material used in manufacturing.
The fire which destroyed our works on the 9th of April, caused only a temporary delay.
We warrant the standard of our Raw Bone Phosphate to be of a higher grade than before. No consignments will be made under any circumstances.
It is not certain we can continue to sell at our present reduced price owing to the advance in *Bone Meal.*
We thank our customers and friends generally for their continued trade and increased orders.
We can also furnish our
GROUND RAW BONE,
WARRANTED PURE,
At $45,00 per 2,000 lbs., cash.
Orders for fall trade are requested to be sent in as early as possible.
BAUGH & SONS,
No. 20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
july 19-3m

AGENTS WANTED, CAMPAIGN HAND BOOK AND CITIZENS' MANUAL
A complete Political Compend, for voters of all parties. Lives of all the Presidents, and the present Presidential Candidates. *The Constitution of the U. S., and Declaration of Independence. Political Conventions, and their Platforms. Complete* Election Returns *the last* Census, and other Statistical Tables, &c. *24 Pages; 32 Engravings. Price* $1.25. *Book sells at sight. $10 to $20 per day easily made.* For Circulars, address
HUFFIELD ASHMEAD, Publisher,
sept 6 '72 721 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

AGENTS LOOK HERE! There is a GREAT RUSH For the New Splendidly Illustrated Edition of
ROBINSON CRUSOE,
Because it is the most fascinating and popular book in print, and excels all in real elegance and low prices. Just out. 528 pages, tinted paper, only $2.50 easy worth $3.50. is a Great Hit, sells quick and it it. Terms of this and our new Domestic Bibles, for the most complete superbly illustrated and fast-selling edition extant, also, the "Pocket Companion," worth $10 to any book agent, sent free. Write at once, stating where you saw this, to HUBBARD BROS.
apr. 25-tf Publishers, 721 Sansom St., Phila.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved Cucumber Wood Pump.
Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the Joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Mf'r, 50 Commerce St., Philada. Pa.

Poetical.

Idle Words.

Once I said,
Seeking two soft starry eyes,
Darkly bright as midnight skies—
Eyes prophetic of the power,
Fiure to be thy woman's dower,
When the eyes should crown the queen,
Of the realm as yet unseen:
"Sometimes sweet those eyes shall make.
Lovers mad for their sweet sake."

Once I said,
Seeing tresses, golden brown,
In a bright shower falling down,
Over neck and bosom fair,
As yon sculptured angels are—
Glorous tresses, drooping low,
O'er a forehead pure as snow:
"Sometimes, sweet, in thy soft hair,
Love shall set a shining snare!"

Once I said,
Seeking lips whose crimson glow
Mock the roses wet with dew—
Warm, sweet lips whose breath was balm—
Tender lips, whose smiling grace
Lit with splendor all the face;
"Sweet, for kiss of thine, some day,
Men will barter soul away!"

Idly said!
God hath taken care of all,
Joy or pain that might befall,
Lover's lips shall never thrill
At thy kisses, soft and still;
Lovers' hearts shall never break
In sore anguish for thy sake,
Lovers' souls for thee shall know
Nor love's rapture, nor its woe.

Miscellaneous.

How Persons may be Choked.

All that we eat or drink passes over the top of the wind pipe without a particle ever entering it, although the opening is larger than a dime, because the very act of swallowing draws over the open top of it a fleshy trap-door which fits so closely that not even a particle of air can pass; but at the instant of swallowing it opens up with a spring, and we go on breathing as if nothing had happened. But if we attempt to swallow anything too large, this trap-door, being at the narrowest part of the passage, is kept closed, not a particle of air can enter the lungs, and we die in a moment of suffocation, as in drowning or smothering.

If you chew a piece of dried beef for some time, there will be a white remnant left which there is no inclination to swallow. If it be taken and picked apart it will appear to be made of little strings, tough and strong. These were attached to the more flesh-like parts which were chewed and swallowed.

If, in eating, a man has a sharp knife, and cut his meat wholly in two, he may put two or three of those pieces in his mouth, and chew and swallow without danger; but if the knife is dull, and does not divide the pieces wholly, two pieces may be tied together with one of these little strings, and while you have swallowed one part nearest the swallow the other may be near the teeth, and both held by the string, which, holding the two parts together and hanging across the trap door to prevent it opening, death follows in an instant. Hence the practical value of sharp knives at the dinner-table.

A long hair in a mouthful of food may so entangle it, in the act of swallowing, as to cause a choking to death. This is what is meant by "strangled by a hair." String beans may occasion a choking to death in the same way, if not carefully strung. Hence all food should be cut fine—should be taken into the mouth in small pieces, chewed thoroughly, and swallowed deliberately.

Most readers have suffered considerable inconvenience from something "going the wrong way." This is occasioned by a single drop of water, or atom of solid food, a crumb or other thing slipping into the windpipe or falling down to the lungs, causing an instantaneous, spiteful, angry, dry cough; it is because nature was alarmed by an unnatural and unwelcome visitor, and takes this her only means of ejecting the intruder. If the particles are large or heavy the surgeon must be called to cut open the windpipe and remove the substance.

A person cannot laugh or speak a word unless the top of the windpipe is uncovered; but if a laugh is provoked or a word attempted to be spoken while in the act of swallowing, and just before the particle has finally passed the trap door, it is raised a little, a drop or a crumb falls into it, and hence the mischief. In eating, do not attempt to speak until the swallow is clear.

WHAT HE WOULD LIKE.—As deacon Adams, on an extremely cold morning in the old times, was riding by the house of neighbor Potter, the latter was chopping wood. The usual salutations were exchanged, the severity of the weather briefly discussed, and the horseman made demonstrations of passing on, when his neighbor detained him with:

"Don't be in a hurry, deacon.—Wouldn't you like a glass of Jamaica this morning?"

"Thank you kindly," said the old gentleman, at the same time beginning to dismount with all the deliberation becoming a deacon, "I don't care if I do."

"Ah, don't trouble yourself to get off, deacon," said the neighbor, "I merely asked for information. We haven't a drop in the house."

The deacon sighed, mounted his horse and rode off.

WHAT KISSES COST IN DIFFERENT PLACES—Some few days since a man stole a kiss in Providence, and was fined fifteen dollars and costs. In St. Louis the price is a little higher. A man out that way lately culled a kiss from the lips of a school girl, and was fined twenty-five dollars. Besides this, he was horse-whipped by the girl's brother, shot at by the girl's father, berated by the girl's mother and considerably demoralized in the region of his scalp by his own wife. Here the fearful punishment should have ended, but it was not to be, for his mother-in-law heard about it, and sympathized with her injured daughter to such an extent that his life was made a burden to him.

A Machine for Aging Liquors.

From the time of Noah and his wine, and Bacchus and his orgies, the fruit of the grape has been a favorite of almost all nations. In these modern times, when whiskey and fusil oil cuts away the mucous lining of the stomach as suddenly as a steal file bites off a wire, a method of "aging" liquor has long been a theory of dealers in the article. It will be a good thing for mankind when only 'pure liquor shall be sold; and however great the evil of drinking any intoxicating fluid may be, it must be drank, he who gives a good article does a service to his fellows.

Whiskey is given age in a variety of ways—by keeping it in casks; by clarifying with chemicals; by sending it on a sea voyage, so that agitation may add its powers to the natural fermentation by increasing the quantity of ozone thus oxygenizing its elements; but a machine has been presented to the public which does in a few minutes the work of weeks and months; the violent agitation of the particles, and the extreme divisions of the essential oils which compose them, produce a change almost instantly.

The machine is now in operation in this city, where it may be inspected by the curious. Its construction is novel and ingenous, and promises to revolutionize one of the largest interests of trade in the world. When opinions of chemists vary so widely as they do concerning the actual changes which take place in quantity dur ing the process of ripening it would seem unnecessary to theorize, but a few facts well established suggested to the inventor the idea.

The machine is large and expensive, consisting of two cylinders, placed one behind the other, containing two wheels four and one half feet in diameter, resembling circular saws on which are arranged one hundred teeth, with a flat edge each, both revolving the same way, consequently when one is going down the other is coming up.

At the point where they come togoth er there is a space of one half inch. The liquor, being fed on the beater going down by a steam pump at a pr sure of one hundred pounds to the square inch, is thrown on those going up, thereby submitting it to the blows of both, and as the wheels make 2,000 revolutions per minute, it gives us the number of blows struck per minute as 400,000.

The effect produced on new liquor by passing it through this machine is quite astonishing. Almost instantly is acrid, fiery fluid converted into a smooth, palatable drink. All the effects of age, which formerly could only be obtained after great loss and patient waiting for years, are, by this wonderful machine, produced in an hour, and so completely is the change wrought that the most accomplished judges were wonderfully deceived, and pronounced the tested liquor always old and sometimes as really better than liquor of the same grade that was known to be ripened by time.

The changes produced by this machine are still more marked, if possible, on new wines than on the stronger liquors. One single treatment will give all the effect of age, at once smoothing the liquor and developing the bouquet. The whole operation takes place in an air tight compartment, and, of course, no loss can possibly ensue. This, of itself, will effect an immense saving, for it is no exaggeration to say that of all the liquors used as beverages one-fourth of the original bulk is lost in the process of ripening by time.—*The Press.*

Anecdote of Daniel Webster.

Evening sessions were sometimes held as the pressure of business became more urgent; and sometimes disorder and confusion prevail, as was always the case in the House on similar occasions. In the Senate, however, it took the shape of exuberant festivity and fun. Grave and aged Senators became jocose and comical, and sometimes the mirth grew fast and furious, the proceedings more resembling a town meeting or a farce than the orderly conduct of a deliberative assembly. I remember one night in particular. It was near the close of the session, and the Senate was engaged in the reading of bills, preparatory to their final passage. Colonel King was in the chair, a solemn and dignified presiding officer, but with no sense of the ludicrous, or any idea of a joke. The Secretary of the Senate, Asbury Dickens, was reading bills rapidly by their titles, and business was going on finely. Half of the Senators were asleep with their heads on their desks. The presiding officer had a formula of words which he never varied; "Senators in the affirmative say aye; negative, no. The ayes have it." Not a voice would be heard, aye or no, and Dickens went on with his reading. For nearly an hour nothing was heard in the chamber but the monotonous reading of the secretary and president putting the vote and announcing the result. At length Mr. Webster, who had been sound asleep for a long time, lifted up his head, and gazed about the chamber with a puzzled look; and when Colonel King said, "negative, no," he cried out, "No-o-o!" in a prolonged sound and with a sepulchral voice. The president looked steadily at him, as if doubting the evidence of his own senses, and exclaimed, "The ayes evidently have it." "Let them take it and go along with it, then," said Mr. Webster, and dropping his head upon his desk, was soon fast asleep again.

Some Facts About the Oyster.

The oyster when spawning does not cast its eggs like other fish, but dissolves, as it were, a part of its own body, which passes off in long, slender threads, as fine as a spider's web, upon which are congregated millions of little eggs, no-visible to the naked eye; but which when put under a powerful magnifying glass astonishes the beholder by their number. It is estimated that about seventy per cent. of the spawn is destroyed by fish, and about ten per cent. to find their way into the market. These little "seed," clinging to whatever they touch, generally to old oysters, and the many little shells one often sees clinging to large oysters, are but the growth of these seed. When oysters have spawned in a clear place and free from their fish enemies, their growth is very rapid until they attain the size of a quarter of a dollar, and it is at this period of their existence that the oystermen take them for transplanting. The shells are very thin and the inside meat scarcely larger than a shirt button, and having the rest of the shell filled with a milky fluid, which in time forms the body of the fish. Oysters, after they are transplanted, are, with few exceptions, not fit to eat under three years. It might be supposed that the oyster, with its hard shell, was free from all danger, but such is not the case. He has two deadly enemies—the starfish and the borer. The former will fasten on the mouth of any oyster and in a short time suck the out him. The latter, with his little saw and gimlet bill, bores through his shell, and, once through, the oyster is soon destroyed.

A TIGHT SQUEEZE.—The late Mr. Lyman Raymond, for many years a much-respected merchant at Bridgewater, Vermont, used to relate the following anecdote of one of his ac

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

Friday, Sept. 27, 1872.

DEMOCRATS AROUSE!

Rally for the Right!

GRAND MASS MEETING!

Bloomsburg, Thursday, Oct. 3d.

The following distinguished orators will positively be present and address the meeting.

HON. JAMES B. BECK,
Member of Congress from Kentucky

JUDGE I. W. MOORE,
Of Washington City.

HON. ROB'T. E. MONAGHAN,
Of Chester County.

Let Columbia county do her duty.

Honest men to the Front!

RALLY!! RALLY!!

Time.

We are now within ten days of the election, yet much remains to be done. Meetings have been or are to be held in every township,—speakers have fully canvassed the county—large numbers of documents have been circulated, but the real work rests upon the masses, and the local committees.

Go to work, then, at once and now.

Do not depend on your neighbor, nor any committee, but on yourself.

Get your neighbors interested and their pledge to be early at the polls and *work*.

Have your window books fully made out, and challenge every doubtful vote.

Don't have two men to do the same thing, but let each have his allotted work, and do it cheerfully, and with energy.

WE ARE GOING TO WIN

The good men of both parties are with us, and despite patronage, money, and bribery, the current is with us.

Our candidates are men of approved virtue and statesmanship, while their opponents are the associates of felons, and have been convicted by their own party, and on indisputable evidence, of robbery and corruption.

We fight against Cameron and his rotten horde.

Against Hartranft, and his violation of law by not collecting the taxes from corporations,—by permitting the Evans swindle, and accepting part of the proceeds—by speculating in the funds of the State Treasury for his own profit, and by his attempt to defraud the Sinking Fund of nine and a half millions of dollars.

We oppose Mackey, his partner in sin, because he has been proved to be rotten and corrupt, and seeks to perpetuate power.

Against Allen, the Legislative rooster and pincher, who would be a willing tool of Hartranft, Mackey and Cameron.

Pull off your coats, men, roll up your sleeves, and at the ballot box rebuke this festering corruption that has been fastened upon the State.

Now is our time, and it is for Columbia county to lead.

"Diana Ye Hear the Slogan?"

No man was ever more endeared to the people of Pennsylvania than Andrew G. Curtin, our great "War Governor." Few men will have the hardihood to deny his integrity, ability or patriotism. His ringing letter against the "Ring" and in favor of Buckalew should carry conviction to the heart of every voter that the public interest's demand the defeat of the Cameron—Hartranft Cabel. And yet, in the face of the protests of such men as Curtin, Forney, Billingfelt, McClure and others of the best Republicans in the State, the 2000 Republicans of Columbia county will blindly follow the lead of Beckley and Robison, who use them as their own tools.

DEMOCRATS, read the Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* now being distributed through the County by Postmaster-Editor Beckley and see what lies the Grant-Hartranft party can publish. When read pass to your Republican friends and see if they can stomach them.

"ANXIOUS INQUIRER." We do *not* believe that Horace Greeley shot Abraham Lincoln, whilst C. R. Buckalew held his horse, and Charles Sumner guided his retreat. Nor are we satisfied that A. G. Curtin commanded a rebel regiment during the war. Yet, we have no doubt that affidavits can be easily procured proving all the above assertions.

SATURDAY, the 28th of September, is the last day for the registration of voters. Democrats and liberal republicans everywhere do not lose your votes by neglecting to register. Go now, and examine the list and see that your names are registered. While performing this duty scan the lists for fraudulent voters in your election district.

AFTER consultation, the Chairman of the State Committees have agreed that the names of the Congressmen-at-large shall be printed on the county ticket and not voted on a separate one.

DEFIANCE TO THE RING.

CURTIN THROWS DOWN THE GAUNT LET.

Ex Governor Curtin has written a letter to Hon. A. K. McClure chairman of the Liberal State Committee of Pennsylvania, dated Saratoga, September 21. In it he accepts the Liberal nomination for Delegate-at-large to the Constitutional Convention. He declares unequivocally in favor of the election of Hon. Chrles R. Buckalew as Governor, deeming such a result necessary to redeem the State and the Republican organization from corruption. He does not say who he shall support in the Presidential canvass, but declares he will meet that issue when it comes before the people in accordance with his settled convictions.

THE RINGING LETTER TO THE PEOPLE.

SARATOGA, Sept. 21, 1872.

MY DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 11th inst., informing me of my nomination by the Liberal Republican State Committee as candidate for Delegate-at-large to the Constitutional Convention, and inclosing an address to the people of the State recommending my election, came duly to hand, but extreme illness prevented my reading the letter or considering the subject until now.

I am still quite feeble, and unable to write without the aid of an amanuensis, but the near approach of the election, and the gravity of the issues immediately affecting the honor and prosperity of Pennsylvania to be decided in October, compel me to answer when my rest should be unbroken.

A nomination, made by so many of the purest and best old representative Republicans of the State, and presented to the people upon grounds which stand out in brave contrast with the demoralized political management now so sadly prevalent, is an appeal I cannot refuse to respect. I therefore accept the nomination, and if it shall be ratified by the people, and my health permits, I will discharge its duties with fidelity.

I had confidently expected immediately upon my return home to familiarize myself fully with the details of what I well understood in all general aspects touching the misrule in our Commonwealth under its present political control, and to speak my convictions at the earliest possible moment. While I cannot ever be indifferent in a Presidential contest, I felt that the

REGENERATION OF MY NATIVE STATE

in the October election was of paramount interest to the people, in whose happiness and greatness I am enlisted by every consideration of gratitude and patriotism.

The bad rule that has wholly compassed the channels of political administrative authority in Pennsylvania is not of recent creation. It was the tireless but impotent power that embarrassed the action of the Government, State and National, during the dark days of civil war, and steadily struggled to gather advancement and gain from

THE BITTER SORROWS OF THE PEOPLE.

Six years ago it attained control in our State. How it was achieved is remembered with humiliation by all. Why it was sought and won our subsequent history painfully demonstrates.

The Republican organization has made its name illustrious in maintaining the unity of the States and redeeming a continent to freedom. It was seized in contempt of the will of the people and its victories perverted to

LICENSED WRONG.

I need not recite how, under an honored name and flag, it has created wide-spread, indeed, almost universal distrust of authority, and made honest men despair of integrity in legislation, in elections, in conferring legislative honors, and even in the administration of public justice.

These terrible and steadily-growing evils in our political rule have made the people demand the right to resume their sovereignty, to make new safeguards for themselves, but if the proposed convention is to effect thorough reform it must be aided, not hindered, by the vast power of the Executive and other important State officials. If Mr. Buckalew shall be defeated and a new lease of authority thus conferred upon

THE DESPOTIC CONTROL

that has long misruled the Commonwealth, it will be marvellous indeed if the convention chosen in the partisan strife of a national contest can afford any substantial relief or protection to the people. If Pennsylvania is to be restored to purity, the government in all its departments, as well as the convention, must harmonize fully and earnestly in the

WORK OF REGENERATION.

Mr. Buckalew's confessed integrity and consistent devotion to reform during many years of official service give the best possible guarantees of honest administration and complete restraints upon corrupt or reckless authority, and his election seems to be demanded by every consideration of

INDIVIDUAL MANHOOD

and fidelity to the honor and advancement of the State. If, as is claimed by desperate leaders in Pennsylvania, to regenerate our State in October will affect the national contest, a cause thus to be endangered must be wanting in the most essential attributes of popular confidence. Actuated solely by a sense of duty to a people whose devotion in time past furnishes the most grateful memories of my life, I shall vote in October

FOR HONEST GOVERNMENT

in our Commonwealth, and meet the Presidential issue when it comes before the people in accordance with my long-settled convictions. I cannot afford to sacrifice a great contest for constitutional, legislative, and administrative reform because a Presidential election is pending. To yield the question would give

FRESH VICTORIES FOR MISRULE

and make the effort for just fundamental restraints either measurably or wholly abortive.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. G. CURTIN.

HON. A. K. MCCLURE, Chairman Liberal Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania.

Judge Merrimon, Democratic Candidate for Governor of North Carolina at the recent election in that State, proposes to contest the same.

Hon. Charles R. Buckalews.

The Statesman and Political Reformer.

His Life and Public Service.

A SKETCH.

HIS BIRTH AND EDUCATION.

"Principles, not men," is an oft-repeated political maxim. But what are good principles worth in the hands of bad men? The maxim that should be laid down and followed in these times is, Good principles and good men to enforce them. It was evidently the recognition of this great truth that led to the nomination of the Hon. Charles R. Buckalew, for the office of Governor of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Buckalew was born in Columbia county, Pennsylvania, on the 28th of December, 1821, and is consequently now in his fifty-first year. In common with many of the most distinguished men of the country, he is, in the strictest sense of the term, a self-made man. His education, so far as it depended on the assistance of tutors, was begun in the common school and completed at Harvard Academy, in Susquehannah county. After leaving school he was several years engaged in teaching, and, while thus employed, was fitting himself for the graver tasks and higher positions of his subsequent life. The bent of his mind inclining him to the legal profession, he studied law with M. E. Jackson, Esq., of Berwick, and was admitted to the bar of Columbia county in August, 1843. It was quickly perceived that he had not mistaken his pursuit. Capacity, industry and integrity soon opened for him the road to success.

On the 13th of February, 1849, he was married to Parmelia, daughter of Rev. E. Wadsworth of Town Hill, Luzerne county. No event of his life has contributed so much to his good fortune as this happy marriage. Carefully trained in Christian doctrine and duties, and becomming in her youth a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal church, she has, by a temper in which natural ability and religious devotion are beautifully blended, constantly cheered and strengthened her husband and amid all the varied scenes of private and public duty in which he has been an actor, at home and abroad, she has been his inseparable companion. When not absent from the country the family, consisting of the parents and two children, has resided at Bloomsburg, Columbia county; and if the esteem in which each and all are held by their life-long neighbors could determine the matter, there would be no room for doubt as to the result of the present contest for the chief magistracy of the Commonwealth.

HE ENTERS PUBLIC LIFE.

In 1845 Mr. Buckalew was appointed prosecuting attorney for Columbia county; and after discharging the duties of the office with marked efficiency for two years he voluntarily resigned. In 1850 he was elected State Senator for three years, and was re-elected in 1853. In 1854 he was appointed by the President of the United States, special commissioner to exchange ratifications of the treaty with the Republic of Paraguay. Although affairs had then become somewhat complicated between the two governments, he performed the duty of his appointment with entire satisfaction to both countries. Returning in safety from this long and perilous voyage, he was chosen Presidential elector, from his Senatorial district, in the fall of 1856.

In 1857 he was a third time elected to the State Senate; and in the winter of that year was appointed by the Governor, and confirmed by the Senate, as one of a commission of three to revise the criminal laws of the State.

HE RENDERS IMPORTANT SERVICE TO THE STATE.

Mr. Buckalew was an acknowledged leader of his party in the State Senate; and was particularly prominent and influential in the advocacy of questions of reform, and of all attempts to secure equal, just and beneficial legislation. He was the author of the act, passed during the session of 1854, and still subsisting, which prohibits the sale of intoxicating drinks to the insane, to minors, and to persons of known intemperate habits; and prohibits the celebration of the marriage ceremony when either of the parties is in a state of intoxication. The penalties annexed to the violation of this law are fine and imprisonment; and any member of the immediate family, or other relative of an intemperate person, may forbid any liquor-seller to furnish to such intoxicating drink. He was also the author of most of the constitutional amendments that were proposed at the session of the general assembly in 1857. As examples of these may be instanced that which prohibits the contracting of any new State debt exceeding the amount of $750,000; that which forbids the incurring of municipal indebtedness by subscriptions of stock or loans of credit to incorporated companies; that which provides for the creation of a sinking fund for the payment of the existing State debt; and that which prevents the division of counties except by the popular consent expressed at an election held for the purpose of ascertaining the popular will.

REFORM IN REPRESENTATION.

On the question of cumulative or free voting he has long cherished a profound interest, and is the author of several local acts favoring that mode of election and of the general statute which applies the principle of the free vote to the election of councilmen in all the boroughs of the State subject to general laws. But upon no question of State policy has he manifested so much concern as that of constitutional reform.—A Convention for this purpose will convene next November, and the amendment he proposed last winter which contemplates the removal of the election of the State Treasurer from the Legislature and the placing of it in the hands of the people will unquestionably then be adopted.

ACCEPTS A DIPLOMATIC MISSION

In the summer of 1858, Mr. Buckalew resigned his position as State Senator and Commissioner to revise the Criminal Code, for the purpose of accepting the appointment of United States minister resident to the Republic of Equator.—Here, as in Paraguay, he discharged his delicate duties with prudence and fidelity. The climate of the country proving favorable to his health and that of his family he remained three years, and returning to his country in 1861, he found his countrymen armed and arming for the suppression of the great rebellion.

CHOSEN UNITED STATES SENATOR.

On the 13th of January, 1863, Mr. Buckalew was elected to the United States Senate for the term of six years from the 4th of March following. An insignificant man is in a pitiable position, and shows very badly by comparison, in this the most talented and august assembly of the nation. But the new member from Pennsylvania soon won the respect of his brother Senators, and the party in this State which opposed his election, equally with the party that elevated him to the high position, felt grateful for the honor which his reputation there reflected upon their grand old Commonwealth. In the Senate Mr. Buckalew served on the most important committees—among others that of Foreign Relations, and was chairman of the special committee on Representative Reform, whose report of March 2, 1869, contained suggestions of the deepest interest, and was extensively circulated through the country for the public information.

WAR RECORD IN THE SENATE.

When Senator Buckalew took his seat the country was deep in the struggle for the preservation of the Federal Union. As a Democrat he could not sympathize with all the measures and aims of the administration then in power. But on the question of putting down, by force, the force that had arrayed itself against the authority of the ballot he never hesitated a moment; and was as decided and earnest as the most ardent Republican to be found in the Halls of Congress or in the front of the battle.—Shortly after his election to the Senate he defined his position on the subject of war in the following words:

"That rebellion was against the laws of the United States, and put the whole body of them at defiance. Although it asserted for itself a legal ground of justification, it is most manifest that it was lawless and unauthorized. The compact of the Union being without limitation of time, must be held, as intended by its authors, to be perpetual; and the provisions contained in it for its own amendment provides the only lawful mode by which its obligation can be limited or changed. Considering secession as a breach of the public law, and in view of the immense interests put in peril by it this State concurred in measures of hostility against the South. But this was done to vindicate the broken law, and to secure the object for which the Government of the United States was originally founded, and for no purpose of conquest or oppression. Upon the ground we must justify our conduct and submit it without apprehension of censure to the judgment of future times."

And again in a speech delivered in the Senate at the close of the war as follows:

"Returning from a foreign country after the commencement of the war, when it was in full progress, and when no human power could avert the storm which fell upon us, I found myself, as did most of the citizens of our country, absolutely controlled by the circumstances which surrounded us and which pressed us forward upon a course of conduct which we could not avoid. I thought then, and think now, that there was but one thing to do. We were engaged in a contest which was, as it has often been described, a contest of life and death, and there was nothing to be done except to fight it out, to fight on, to promote or assist the collision of forces which were thus arrayed against each other until some ultimate results should be reached.

"As a member of the minority in this chamber, I gave my vote for those measures of the majority which directly pointed to the use of the force of this government to subjugate the insurrection which raised its head against us.—I was opposed to the political policy of that majority, and have continued to entertain and evince that opposition down to this time in a respectful and proper manner. But upon the question of prosecuting the war to a conclusion, I never had any hesitation."

SUPPLIES.

In accordance with these views Mr. Buckalew *advocated and voted* for the following measures that were to furnish the "*sinews of war.*"

April 14, 1864, bill to meet the deficiency in the war department, $97,504,040; and for the naval service $2,735,500.

April 22, 1864, bill appropriating to the support of the army, $529,323,807 65. This bill was strongly opposed in the House, and it became necessary to order a Committee of Conference. The Senate appointed T. O. Howe, L. M. Morrill and *Charles R. Buckalew*, and the House Thaddeus Stevens and Thomas T. Davis. The difficulty arose mainly from the circumstance that the House thought the Senate's provision for the pay of *colored troops was too liberal*. The report of the Conference Committee, *signed by Mr. Buckalew*, was adopted. It may be found in the *Globe*, page 2,845. Frequently thenceforward, when alluding to this matter Thaddeus Stevens was accustomed to say some very strong things in praise of the manliness and magnanimity of Senator Buckalew for agreeing to pay so liberally the colored soldiers whom *he* had employed.

May 21, 1864, bill appropriating to different branches of the naval service, $106,192,987 99.

February 17, 1865, bill appropriating to the navy, $121,486,928 95.

February 18, 1865, bill making appropriations for the support of the army, $551,579,527 70.

These five money bills amounted to ($1,427,822,881.30) one billion, four hundred and twenty-seven millions, eight hundred and twenty-two thousand, eight hundred and eighty-one dollars and thirty cents. *Mr. Buckalew advocated and voted for the whole five.* See report of Senate proceedings in the *Congressional Globe* under the dates specified in the bills.

BOUNTIES AND INCREASED PAY TO SOLDIERS.

December 22d, 1863, bill appropriating $20,000,000 for the payment of bounties to soldiers. *This was advocated and voted for by Mr. Buckalew.* During the discussion of the bill, an amendment was offered by a Republican Senator, reducing the bounty from $300 to $100. Mr. Buckalew voted against the amendment. Pending further discussion on the 22d of April, 1864, an amendment was offered by Mr. Hendricks, of Indiana, increasing the pay of soldiers, 50 per cent. This did not pass, though Mr. Buckalew voted for it. May 16, 1864, another amendment was offered and adopted, which increased the pay of soldiers from $13 to $16 per month. *Mr. Buckalew voted for this.* May 17th, 1864, still another amendment was offered to pay the soldiers in gold; and though it was rejected, *Mr. Buckalew voted for it.*

What more could have been done to befriend the soldiers? First he votes for $20,000,000 to pay bounties; then against reducing the bounty from $300 to $100; then to increase the pay of soldiers 50 per cent; then to increase the pay of private soldiers from $13 to $16 per month, and to pay non-commissioned officers $34 per month, and finally to pay the soldiers in gold. The difference between the tax-paying, self-sacrificing patriot, and the army contractors, who fattened upon their hard bargains with, and stealings from the government, was that he put money in the pockets of the soldiers, and they put it in their own.

See Senate proceedings in the *Congressional Globe*, under the dates of the introduction of the aforesaid bill, and its several amendments.

PAY OF COLORED TROOPS.

Before Mr. Buckalew's election to the Senate an act passed that body, July 17, 1862, fixing the pay of colored troops at $10 per month, the pay of white soldiers being at that time $13 per month. That law remained in force until 1864. On the 22d of April, 1864, Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, offered an amendment to the army bill relating to certain regiments of colored troops, against which Mr. Buckalew voted for excellent reasons. First, the amendment proposed to increase the pay of white soldiers only *from the date of the passage of the bill*, but to authorize the increased pay to colored soldiers from the beginning of the year, thus making what he regarded as an unjust discrimination.—Secondly, it allowed a compensation to New-England agents who went South to procure the enlistment of colored troops to fill the quotas of the New England States. He thought it was conceding quite enough to those enterprising agents to permit them to stay at home and make money by putting colored soldiers into the army, without paying them a commission on the fighting they were to do by proxy. Thirdly, it provided for increased pay to four colored regiments (two from Massachusetts and two from South Carolina) and left those colored troops who had been equally faithful to their colors, though a shorter time in the service, without increase. These reasons should have been conclusive against the amendment, yet it passed, and Mr. Buckalew voted for the bill, of which it had become a part, rather than give his voice against any measure for the compensation of colored men in the army.

A SLANDER NAILED.

It will be remembered that in 1864 there was a so-called peace conference at Niagara Falls. It is charged against Mr. Buckalew that he participated in its proceedings, and thereby prove d his readiness to entertain proposals from rebel emissaries that were derogatory to the honor and welfare of his country. his charge is purely a lie. The real truth is that he went to Niagara in the performance of a duty enforced upon him by the Senate of the United States. On the 24 of July, 1861, a resolution introduced by Mr. Ramsey, of Minnesota passed the Senate, which instructed the Committee on Indian Affairs to inquire into the Indian administration of the imperial and colonial authorities in the British North American possessions. Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, and Mr. Buckalew, of Pennsylvania, being members of the Indian committee, were appointed a sub committee to perform this special duty during the recess of Congress. For this purpose solely Mr. Buckalew went to Niagara, Mrs. Buckalew accompanying her husband. While waiting there to be joined by the other two members of the committee, Mr. Holcombe, one of the volunteer rebel peace commission, casually met Mr. and Mrs. Buckalew in the public reception room of the hotel and conversed with them about ten minutes. The only allusion to National affairs during this brief interview was a remark of Mr. Holcombe to the effect that Mr. Lincoln would have difficulty in raising the five hundred thousand troops for which a call had just been issued, to which Mr. Buckalew replied "THE TROOPS WILL BE RAISED." Mr. Buckalew was at Niagara in the discharge of a high official duty. The only confederate he met, or spoke to or had any intercourse with, during the war, was Mr. Holcombe, and the single remark he made to him became the lips of a patriot, and was calculated to discourage the leaders of the rebellion.

A NEW PROGRAMME.

Mr. Buckalew, should he be elected Governor of Pennsylvania, is firmly resolved so to exert the influence of his great office as to eradicate the enormous evil of special legislation; prevent fraud in the conducting of primary, local and general elections; encourage the selection of capable and honest men for the Legislature; induce economy and fidelity in the State administration; and place the Sinking Fund in hands that can be trusted by the people. His own words best define the salutary reforms that would be inaugurated.

"What do we desire to accomplish in our State? Why, for one thing we want the election of State Treasurer taken out of the Legislature."

"Then we expect to obtain in the government of our State, great salutary and necessary reforms with regard to the transaction of business by the Legislature. We expect to have cut off from the Legislature a large amount of jurisdiction which has been productive of evil in the State, and of scandal and reproach. Large masses of private legislation and large branches of jurisdiction with reference to bills, must be cut off hereafter from the action of the Legislative Department of our Government. You can obtain this by two means. First and mainly, by the action of the Constitutional Convention which is to meet in November; but we will secure it also to a great extent by electing proper men to the Legislature, and by electing some men with proper views upon the subject to fill the Executive office. But there is a greater question than all these—the great question of electoral reform. Both your primary and your legal elections are perverted. They are not as they ought to be, free and open encounters between opposing opinions."

"Well, we can reach that evil. With good men in the Legislature, who are not subject to Rings, and a man in the Executive office who will recommend to the Legislature the reforms necessary to purge the ballot, it is possible to overthrow fraud and to secure honest and fair elections generally throughout the Commonwealth."

THE STATE'S GUARANTEE.

This rests upon the universally admitted capacity, and the universally received character of the candidate. Mr. Buckalew has distinguished himself as a student, a lawyer, a State legislator, a foreign minister, and a United States Senator. He is not in the prime of life, and, of his age, there is scarcely a public man in the country who has had equal experience or has displayed equal capacity, for the management of public affairs.

And what is, if possible, still more important in the present exigencies of the State, this character whether personal or official, is alike conceded by his political friends and opponents to be above suspicion. He has not now, nor has he ever had, "Cliques" and "Rings" about him. He has throughout his long public life stood alone upon the solid basis of of his ability and integrity. He has neither enemies to punish nor friends and dependents to reward. He has received the nomination not because he intrigued for it, or even desired it, but because he was believed to be best entitled to the honor. If elected he will assume the duties of the office untrammelled and independent, and the result will prove that a Governor, either more capable or faithful to the best interests of the Commonwealth, never sat in the chair.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ELIZABETH MILLER, DEC'D.
Letters of Administration on the estate of Elizabeth Miller, late of Beaver township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to John Hinderliter, Mann township. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator, without delay.
JOHN HINDERLITER, Administrator.
sep 27-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN MILLER DEC'D.
Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Wills of Columbia county to the undersigned upon the estate of Christian Miller, late of Beaver township, in said county, now deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned.
JOHN HINDERLITER, Administrator.
sep 27 6w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE
ESTATE OF SAMUEL MCNEAL DEC'D.
The undersigned appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrators of the estate of Samuel McNeal deceased will meet the parties interested at his office in the town of Bloomsburg on Monday, Oct. 28th, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested are requested to present them to the Auditor or be forever debarred from coming in for said fund.
E. R. IKELER, Auditor.
sep 27-4w

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE TIMBER LAND.
Jacob S. Evans, Executor of the last will and testament of Abram Young of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the following tracts of valuable timber land.

First, a tract of timber land situated in Pine township, Columbia county, containing about 70 acres and 135 perches, more or less, chestnut and hemlock, bounded by lands of Elias Mendenhall, John Lockart, Robt. Russel and others, to be sold on the premises

MONDAY, OCTOBER 28th, 1872,

at 12 o'clock, noon.

Second, a certain tract of timber land situated in Jackson Township, Columbia county, Pa., containing forty acres and forty-three and eight-tenths perches, well timbered with white pine, white oak and hemlock, bounded by lands of Peter Lambach, Samuel Kitchen, Wilson Kitchen and Jesse Rhone to be sold on the premises

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29th, 2872.

at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Third, a certain tract of land situated in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., containing a hundred and thirteen acres and ninety-four perches with allowance well timbered with white oak, poplar, chestnut and pine, to be sold on the premises

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30th, 1872,

at 10 o'clock, P. M.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money payable at the striking down of the property, one-half less the ten per cent. in 6 months thereafter, and the remaining one-half in 1 year from day of sale.
JACOB S. EVANS, Executor.

ALSO,

upon the 29th of October, 1872, at 2 o'clock, P. M., upon the last described premises, Jacob S. Evans will offer for sale a certain other tract of timberland, situated in Orange township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded by lands of M. B. Patterson, Samuel McHenry, Elisha Evans and Harriet Moyer, containing about 55 acres heavily timbered white pine, waite oak, and pitch-pine.

Terms made known on day of sale.
JACOB S. EVANS.

GENERAL ELECTION
PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by the laws of this Commonwealth it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give notice of the general Election, by publication in one or more newspapers in the county, at least twenty days before the election, and to enumerate therein the offices to be elected, and to designate the place at which the election shall be held, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not [illegible] months nor more than two years.

If any person, not by law qualified to vote, shall fraudulently vote at any election, or any officer of any election knowingly receive the vote of any person not by law entitled to vote, or if any officer of any election shall refuse to receive the vote of any person entitled to vote, the person so offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in any term not exceeding three months.

If any marshal vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or who shall procure another to do so, he or they offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence and be imprisoned for a term not exceeding three months.

THE REGISTRY LAW.

I also give official notice to the electors of Columbia county that by an act, entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved April 17th, A. D. 1869, it is provided as follows:

SEC. 3. After the assessments have been completed on the tenth day preceding the second Tuesday in October of every year, the assessor shall, on the next day, and Monday immediately following, make a return to the county commissioners of the names of all persons assessed by him since the return required to be made by him by the second section of this act, noting opposite each name the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid; and the county commissioners shall thereupon cause the same to be added to the registry by the second Tuesday of October, and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote, as hereinafter required.

SEC. 4. On the day of the election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days immediately preceding said election, which witness shall take and subscribe a written, or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the fact stated by him, which affidavit shall also clearly set forth the residence (as the case may be) of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born, that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth, how long and where he has resided in it, that he has resided in the district in which he claims to vote for the period and manner required by law, that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election, and also stating when and by what county he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when, where and to what collector the same was paid, and he shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state on his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he has not received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States or of foreign birth, and has become naturalized, he shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization; and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of taking the affidavit between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days next preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; and the said affidavits of all persons making such claims to vote, and affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office subject to examination; and if the election officers or any of the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote and the name or names shall be added to their list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant claims to vote on the ground of payment of taxes, and "age" to vote on age: the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively on the list of persons voting at said election

SEC. 5. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is retained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge any person presenting himself to vote; and if the person so challenged refuse to answer any pertinent question touching his qualification as a voter, or shall answer falsely touching the same, he shall not be permitted to vote at said election, and the evidence of every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his certificate of naturalization, and no person not appearing in the regular list of voters, or his legal voting ticket in his hand, shall be allowed to vote, unless he shall produce such certificate of naturalization, or prove by at least one competent witness that he is entitled to vote, or shall make proof of his residence in the district for ten days next preceding the election by his own affidavit, taken before the inspectors, and a full and correct copy thereof to be made, containing the names of all persons so returned as residents taxables in said ward, borough, township or precinct, and certified in the same together with the necessary election blanks to the officers of the election in said ward, borough, township or precinct, on or before six o'clock in the morning of the second Tuesday of October, and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote, as hereinafter required.

SEC. 6. On the day of the election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days immediately preceding said election, which witness shall take and subscribe a written, or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the fact stated by him, which affidavit shall also clearly set forth the residence (as the case may be) of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born, that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth, how long and where he has resided in it, that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or if formerly a citizen thereof, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months preceding said election, that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when, where and to what collector the same was paid, and he shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state on his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he has not received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States or of foreign birth, and has become naturalized, he shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization; and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of taking the affidavit between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days next preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; and the said affidavits of all persons making such claims to vote, and affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office subject to examination; and if the election officers or any of the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote and the name or names shall be added to their list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant claims to vote on the ground of payment of taxes, and "age" to vote on age: the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively on the list of persons voting at said election

SEC. 7. The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer to and certify the usual oath or affirmation to any person offering to vote touching his qualification as a voter, and touching any matter or thing concerning which the said inspectors and judges are authorized by this act to examine any person whatever touching the election to be held by them, and if any person shall wilfully and corruptly swear falsely in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he shall be lawfully interrogated by a judge or inspector of election, he shall be guilty of perjury, and shall be punished as such.

SEC. 8. The assessors and [illegible] shall receive the same compensation for the time actually spent in performing the duties required of them by this act as may be provided by law for the performance of their other duties to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and the assessors shall be allowed the sum of [illegible] dollars for every person whatever within the district entitled to vote at the election to be held next preceding the general election of President and Vice-President of the United States; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor and subject to conviction in the manner provided by law for the punishment of misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of the assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time the polls shall be kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. All citizens of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and returned and who shall have in the election district paid taxes, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, that white freemen, citizens of the United States between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two who shall have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid tax.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name shall not be contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless First, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of other, that he has paid such tax, or failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof. Second if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose an oath or affirmation that he has resided in this State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the account given him, that he is of age aforesaid, and such other evidence as is required by this act. Thirdly, every person qualified as a voter who is not qualified to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereof by the word "Tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age which shall be called out by the clerks, who shall make the like notes on the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or the right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he shall not have resided within the State for one year or more his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election; and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is in said district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

THE COLUMBIAN.

Friday, Sept. 27, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,
ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	9:52 A. M.	4:07 P. M.
Accommodation	4:40 A. M.	11:05 P. M.
Express	6:06 P. M.	9:32 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION,

Going North.	Going South.
4:08 P. M.	12:14 A. M.

LOCAL.

Democratic Meetings.

The following meetings have been called and will be held at the places named, on the dates set opposite their respective names. Competent speakers will be present to deliver addresses:

Members of the Vigilance Committee will see that places for holding these meetings are secured and furnished with lights.

GREENWOOD—Thursday, Sept. 26th, at John.

MIFFLIN—Thursday, Sept. 26th, at Kikendall's School House.

FRANKLIN—Saturday, Sept. 28th, at Mensch's School House.

SUGARLOAF—Friday, Sept. 27th, at Ezekiel Cole's.

ESPY—Friday, Sept. 27th, at School House.

BENTON—Friday, Sept. 27th. (afternoon Mass Meeting.)

JERSEYTOWN—Saturday, Sept. 28th, (afternoon Mass Meeting.)

MAINVILLE—Monday, Sept. 30th, (afternoon Mass Meeting.)

SCOTCH VALLEY—At Bredbender's Hotel, Monday, Sept. 30th.

CENTRE—At Shellhamer's School House, Tuesday, Oct. 1st.

BRIARCREEK—At Evansville, Wednesday, Oct. 2d.

PINE—At Centre School House, Wednesday, Oct. 2d.

BLOOMSBURG—At the Court House, Monday, Oct. 7th.

By order of Standing Committee.
DAVID LOWENBERG,
Chairman.

GET REGISTERED.—To morrow is the last day. Let every man see if his name is on the list.

A meeting will be held in the Union Church Jackson township, on Monday evening October 7th. There will also be one at Klinger's Hotel in Roaringcreek on Friday evening October 4th, and one at Stillwater in Fishingcreek township on Tuesday October 1st.

An afternoon Mass Meeting will be held at Yeager's Hotel in Roaringcreek townsnip on Saturday October 5 a. m. Let there be a grand turn out.

HON. WILLIAM BIGLER Candidate for member of the Constitutional Convention at large has withdrawn and Hon. Andrew G. Curtin has been nominated in his place.

A telegram from Hon Samuel J. Randall Chairman of the State Central Committee announced that Hon. Horace Greeley would be in Bloomsburg by the morning train on Thursday last. A large crowd assembled at the Station to greet him but were disappointed as Mr. Greeley was not on the train. He is confidently expected to day, Friday.

MR. GEORGE MARTZ, whom many of our citizens will remember as delivering Republican speeches through this section of the State, will, with C. B. Brockway, address a public meeting on Friday evening, October 4th. at Light Street.

THE representation in our County Convention is based upon the vote for governor. The townships that fall behind the Packer vote may lose a vote, and those that increase it may gain.

WE are sorry to learn that Miss Hattie Jacoby who was thrown from a buggy at Benton on last Sunday week, is still lying in a critical condition. Perfect health and a good constitution are her best allies at present and may yet save her life.

But ten days until the election! Reader, do you want our State ticket elected? If so, go to work and do what you can. Sitting still will not help us.—See the indifferent and the doubtful. Let each man use his influence and we carry the State, and show an example to those who vote after us.

THE RINGTOWN FAIR. It was our pleasure to attend this annual gathering last week, and we confess were agreeably surprised to find the large attendance, fine display and good order. The local accommodations and patronage are small yet by dint of good management and liberal advertising large crowds are always accumulated. The rental of stalls alone amounted to $1000. Much of the success is due to the activity and energy of T. J. Foster, Secretary of the institution.

ONE of Mc Kelvy Neal & Co's furnacemen, named John Mc Cormick met with a painful accident on Wednesday, last which may result in the loss of a portion of one of his feet. He stepped upon a cake of cinder which had been but a short time before run out, thinking it to be hard enough to bear his weight. The outer surface of the cake broke through and his foot went, ankle deep, into the fiery mass of molten iron. His foot was shockingly burnt and it is feared he may lose the toes.

THERE was a pole raising at Washingtonville on Saturday last at which there was a fine attendance and which was, in all respects, a success. The pole, 110 feet in length, was a hickory, of course, and its elevation to the perpendicular was greeted with the cheers of the assemblage and the music of the admirable Cornet Band from Danville. The meeting organized by the election of Capt. John Derr as President; Michael Wagner, W. D. Weidenhamer, Esq., John McGonigle, George Billmyer, George W. Suplee, Jesse Gresh and James N. Miller, Vice Presidents; Charles H. Tyreman, Thomas Butler, Secretaries. Col. John G. Freeze then addressed the meeting, and was followed by John J. Metzgar and Jesse Ammerman. An evening meeting was arranged at which Hon. Thomas Chalfant was to speak. The young people had made preparations for a ball in the evening, which we presume took place. We trust it was successful.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC RALLY!

HONEST MEN TO THE FRONT!!

In pursuance of a Resolution of the Standing Committee, a Grand Mass Meeting will be held at

BLOOMSBURG, THURSDAY, October 3d.

Eloquent speakers have been secured and will certainly be present to take part in the proceedings of the day.

DEMOCRATS AND LIBERALS, who desire the triumph of right and the overthrow of wrong attend this meeting and show by your presence that you are not in sympathy with corrupt and venal politicians.

TURN OUT! from all parts of the County. Let every township form a Delegation with its Marshal, and, joining with other delegations, pour a flood of earnest, zealous, honest men into Bloomsburg to hear the true and just issues of the Campaign discussed by able and eloquent speakers.

COME IN FORCE

in wagons, on horeback, on foot, in any and every way and swell the multitude who look forward to victory on the 8th of October. Turn out with Bands, Glee Clubs, Flags, Banners, and Hickories! Let the "Star of the North" show her strength, and prove that Democracy is not dead yet.

Each township should choose a President and report his name by the 2d inst. in order that it may be put on the list of Vice President of the meeting.

DAVID LOWENBERG,
Chairman County Committee.

ATTENTION DEMOCRATS.

Having been appointed by the Standing Committee of Columbia county, Chief Marshel for the Grand Democratic Mass Meetting to be held at Bloomsburg on Thursday October 3d, I would announce the following instructions to the different delegations for the purpose of securing order and despatch:

1. The Delegations coming down the Big Fishingcreek will assemble at Light Street by 10:30 a. m.

2. The delegations from the up-river region including those which cross at Espy, will concentrate at Espy by 10:30 a. m.

3. The Delegations from beyond Catawissa will assemble at that point by 10:15 and will be joined by the delegation from Montour at Rupert at 10:45 a. m.

4. The Delegations from Madison and Hemlock will meet at Buckhorn at 10:15 and will be joined by the delegation from Montour county at Hemlock Creek bridge at 10:15 a. m.

5. The Little Fishingcreek delegation will concentrate at the Fishingcreek bridge at 10:15 a. m.

6. Each delegation should use every effort to reach the place of rendezvous at the appointed time, and should wait a reasonable length of time for the delegation beyond it.

7. Each delegation should have a Mounted Marshal, who should wear a white rosette in his left breast. At the time appointed all should leave the place of rendezvous and march towards town, at the outskirts of which they will be met by aids to the Chief Marshal, who will aid in forming the procession. No one should leave the column until after the parade. Delegations from adjoining counties will receive proper attention.

W. B. KOONS,
Chief Marshal.

CLUB MEETINGS. The following Democratic Club meetings have been held since the last issue of the COLUMBIAN.

ON Tuesday of last week at Ludwig Thiele's hotel in Locust township, B. F. Zarr and J. M. Clark addressed the meeting.

A meeting was held in Rohrsburg on Wednesday of last week. C. G. Barkley and W. J. Buckalew delivered addresses.

At Shuman's Hotel, Beaver Valley, on Thursday of last week, there was a fine attendance. B. F. Zarr and J. M. Clark were the speakers.

In Franklin township at the Swamp School House, on Friday last, the meeting was organized by the election of Washington Parr, as President; Christian Artley, John Artley, Vice Presidents; John Bodine, Secretary. F. M. Tewksbury, B. F. Zarr and G. W. Sterner made speeches on the occasion.

On the same evening in Light Street, Col. John G. Freeze addressed a meeting.

A meeting was also held in Dietterick's School House, Montour township, Evan Welliver presided, and W. J. Buckalew and Wesley Wirt were the speakers.

On Saturday evening there was a meeting at Benton. J. C. Wenner was the presiding officer and addresses were made by C. B. Brockway and W. J. Buckalew.

On Monday night at Half Way House Centre township, Joseph Pohe, President; Samuel Dietterich, Secretary. There was a large attendance, Messrs. Barkley and Buckalew delivered speeches.

At Eyer's Grove on Monday night the following officers were chosen: President, J. D. Wilson; Vice Presidents, Wm. Eyer, Isaac McBride, Israel Heller, Robert Robbins; Secretaries, Jacob Welliver, J. B. Quick, F. Eyer, W. H. Jacoby, G. W. Sterner and Wm. L. Eyerly addressed the meeting.

At Dietterich's School House in Montour township on Tuesday night last, The Club was addressed by B. F. Zarr, and W. L. Eyerly. The attendance was very good.

At Fowlersville on Tuesday night C. W. Miller and W. J. Buckalew delivered addresses. Samuel Smith, President, and Charles Reed, Secretary.

Several meetings for Wednesday night were postponed on account of the rain.

IT is with sincere regret that we announce the sudden and unexpected death of Mr. Thomas Rishton, which occurred in Washington D. C. on Saturday last. Mr. Rishton was an Englishman by birth, his place of nativity being Liverpool. He came to this country in the Spring of 1862, intending to remain but a short time and to return in the same vessel which brought him across the ocean. His sympathies were however strongly excited in the war then in progress and he enlisted in the defence of the land in which he was a stranger. He was wounded in the second battle of Bull Run. The position of a Clerk in the War Department was subsequently tendered him and he held it at the time of his death. He married Martha C. daughter of the late Major William Sloan, and two young children are left to mourn, with their mother, the loss of a true, honest, manly husband and father. Mr. Rishton was well known in this town and possessed in a marked degree the friendly regard and respect of all who knew him. He was a quiet, modest gentleman of a kind whose rarity lends value to one of them whenever found. We are sure that in expressing our hearty sympathy with his family, and our sorrow for the loss to them and to the community, we but echo the feelings of the large number of Mr. Rishton's friends and acquaintances both here and elsewhere.

THE Friendship Fire Co. attended by the Bloomsburg Cornet Band made their appearance on our streets on Friday last, the Band in their new uniforms, the firemen with new fire-hats. The dress of the Band, black cloth with silver epaulets and stripes, and hats with white plumes, was very tasteful and neat and looks extremely well. The new hats of the "fire laddies" are of the orthodox shape which has found favor for years. Both Firemen and Band looked and marched well. After their parade through the principal streets, they marched to Hondershott's woods to enjoy themselves plenically and we are informed that they had a good time.

You can get the celebrated "Lion" brand of black Alpaca at M. P. Lutz's at any price, from 30 cents per yard to 1.25.

We notice all wool Empress cloth in handsome shades in one of M. P. Lutz's show windows marked 45 cents per yard. "How is that for low."

Over 1,000 yards of American Black Silk has been sold by M. P. Lutz within the last two years and every body is pleased with their purchase.

Do not think of buying a shawl before you look at I. W. Hartman's.

I. W. Hartman has the largest stock of fall goods he ever had.

You can buy your flannels of I. W. Hartman out of a stock of 25 pieces.

Many people inquire why it is that four thousand Singer Sewing Machines are sold a week, or two thousand more each week than any other Shuttle Machine.

The reason is plain to all who have had much experience with Sewing Machines, also to Machinists who say it is made of the best metal on a superior plan to others. The past has proved it, and the future will confirm it, that the Singers are the most durable, fastest, easiest to learn, and less liable to get out of order of any Shuttle Machine yet invented.

No Lady's Toilet Complete

Unless there be the fragrant SOZODONT; unto the breath sweet odors it imparts, the gums a ruby redness soon assume, the teeth quick rival alabaster tint, and seem as pearls set in a coral vase.

Spalding's Glue, cheap, convenient, useful.

THERE is no truth in the reports made by other agents that if persons who lease Singer Sewing Machines fail to pay within a month, the Machines will be recalled. Of those on which money was paid, only two of four hundred was recalled in a year. One had ten dollars paid, the other was ordered in for renting it out to a third party.

A full assortment of Zephyrs and yarns. Also embroideries for sale by A. D. WEBB.

ONE of Singer's agents in this county was offered ten dollars more on each Machine if he would sell the original Howe. This may account for Howe's agents selling at reduced prices, or giving extra attachments to induce parties to buy an old style slow Machine.
tf.

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO. Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Limeburners supplied at liberal rates with best quality No. 6, coal. For smith fires, in addition to a prime article of lump, we have a first class quality of Bituminous coal, at $6.25 per ton on wharf.

Large stocks of all sizes constantly on hand. Strict personal attention given to the preparation of all our coal. Grain, Lumber and Slabs taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town. Orders left at McKelvy Neal & Co's. store or at our office, will receive prompt attention. OFFICE & YARDS AT McKELVY & NEAL'S FURNACE, EAST BLOOMSBURG. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

"CAN'T DO WITHOUT IT."—This is what the stage and horse car companies, livery-stable keepers, members of the turf, and all grooms and trainers say of the Mustang Liniment. They "can't do without it." And why? Because it infallibly reduces the external swelling, &c., which, under various names, impair the usefulness and value of the king of quadrupeds, and also because, for sprains, strains, galls and other injuries to which horse-flesh is liable, it is the most trustworthy preparation in the market. Yet these recommendations comprise only a portion of its claims to public confidence.—During a period of more than sixteen years, it has been recognized as a specific for many of the most agonizing disorders which afflict the human family, such as rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, lumbago, tic doloureux, sore throat, earache, toothache; and likewise a peerless application for cuts, bruises, burns and scalds.

CASTORIA—a substitute for Castor Oil—is a physic which does not distress or gripe, but is sure to operate when all other remedies have failed. You may confidently rely upon the Castoria to Stomach Ache, Constipation, Flatulency Croup, Worms, Piles or deranged Liver. It contains neither Minerals, Morphine, Opium nor Alcohol, but is purely a vegetable preparation, perfectly harmless, and above all, pleasant to take. The Castoria soothes and quiets the system, and produces natural sleep. It is a wonderful thing to assimilate the food of children and prevent them from crying. A 35 cent bottle will do the work for a family and save many doctors' bills. Aug 30—4w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JEREMIAH GETKIN DEC'D.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, to distribute the money in Court arising from the sale of the real estate of Jeremiah Getkin, among the parties entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, the 28th day of October, A. D., 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties or persons having claims on said money will present the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on said funds.

E. R. IKELER.
sept 27 6w.

NOTICE.

Subscribers to the Capital Stock of the North & West Branch Rail Road Co., are hereby notified that a second instalment of 10 per cent. in same, must be paid to the Treasurer, on or before the 15th day of October next.

By order of the Directors,
WM. NEAL,
sep 27 4w Treasurer.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

ELECTORS,
SENATORIAL,
EDGAR COWAN, of Westmoreland.
GEORGE W. SKRINER, of Franklin.
REPRESENTATIVE.
SELDEN MARVIN, of Erie.
JOHN S. MILLER, of Huntingdon.
S. GROSS FRY, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICTS.

1. Thomas J. Barger.	13. D. Lowenberg.
2. Steph. D. Anderson.	14. J. McKnight.
3. John Moffat.	15. Henry Welsh.
4. George R. Berrell.	16. Henry J. Stable.
5. [Not agreed upon.]	17. S. W. Carpitle.
6. Isaiah B. Hoops.	18. William F. Lagar.
7. Samuel D. Dyer.	19. Enos Ian Brown.
8. Jesse G. Hawley.	20. P. M. Robinson.
9. H. H. Swarr.	21. J. R. Molton.
10. B. Reilly.	22. T. H. Stevenson.
11. John Kunkle.	23. John B. Reed.
12. F. W. Gunster.	24. George W. Miller.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
WILLIAM HARTLEY,
OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
JAMES THOMPSON,
OF ERIE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE:
RICHARD VAUX,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
JAMES H. HOPKINS,
OF ALLEGHENY.
HENDRICK B. WRIGHT,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Members of the Constitutional Convention.

GEO. W. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, York.
ANDREW G. CURTIN, Centre.
W. J. BAER, Somerset.
W. H. SMITH, Allegheny.
FRANKLIN R. GOWEN, Philadelphia.
JOHN H. CAMPBELL, Philadelphia.
H. H. REYNOLDS, Lancaster.
JAMES ELLIS, Schuylkill.
N. C. E. DODD, Venango.
GEO. M. DALLAS, Philadelphia.
ROBERT A. LAMBERTON, Dauphin.
A. A. PURMAN, Green.
WM. D. CORBETT, Clarion.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,
WILLIAM ELWELL
FOR CONGRESS,
BENNEVILLE K. RHODES.
FOR SENATOR,
THOMAS CHALFANT.
FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION,
JOHN G. FREEZE, of Columbia.
JOHN J. METZGER, of Lycoming.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY.
FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. FRANK ZARR,
FOR REGISTER & RECORDER,
WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM LAWTON,
FOR AUDITOR,
U. J. CAMPBELL.

MEMBERS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE:

Beaver—Moses Schlicher.
Benton—I. K. Kricksaum.
Berwick—Levi Freibeisher.
Bloom, East Dist.—David Lowenberg.
Bloom, West Dist.—William McKinney.
Briarcreek—J. G. Smith.
Catawissa—Geo. Scott.
Centre—H. D. Knorr.
Centralia—C. G. Murphy.
Conyngham North—
Conyngham South—Michael Brannan.
Fishingcreek—E. J. McHenry.
Franklin—William Strohl.
Greenwood—Wesley Morris.
Hemlock—Seth Shoemaker.
Jackson—Silas W. McHenry.
Locust—
Madison—John Allen.
Main—W. L. Shuman.
Millin—Samuel Snyder.
Montour—John G. Quick.
Mt. Pleasant—George W. Jacoby.
Orange—D. K. Sloom.
Pine—P. W. Sones.
Roaringcreek—J. B. Klinger.
Scott—O. P. Ent.
Sugarloaf—J. H. Fritz.

Vigilance Committee.

Beaver—Geo. Dreisbach, Chas. Michael, H. Hinterliter.
Benton—J. J. McHenry, B. J. Case, Jas. Conner.
Berwick—Isaiah Bower, C. B. Jackson.
Bloom, East—M. Millard, Jno. B. Casey, Saml. Jacoby.
Bloom, West—M. Everly, James Sterner.
Briarcreek—Chas. Rock, Geo. Miller, Geo. M. Bower.
Catawissa—M. H. V. Kline, Wm. Snyder.
Centre—Wm. Miller, Ed. Hartman, Saml. Bower.
Centralia—
Conyngham, North—
Conyngham South—
Fishingcreek—L. M. Crossling, Cyrus Robins, Silas McHenry, Chas. Rock.
Franklin—Moses McHenry, Washington Parr.
Greenwood—Frank Derr, C. W. Ilt, Jackson Leidy.
Hemlock—T. J. Vanderslice, B. R. Wagner, Wm. Winterstein.
Jackson—Henry Wagner, Daniel Young.
Locust—Elias Creasy, Daniel Stage, Jno. Snyder, Geo. Getty.
Madison—Richard Bennett, Dr. T. J. Swisher, J. M. Girton.
Main—Jeremiah Longenberger, Jno. Nuss.
Millin—Joseph G. Swank, Abram Schweppenhese, Harvey Hess.
Montour—G. Jenger, P. A. Evans.
Mt. Pleasant—W. Miller, Jno. Mordan, Sr.
Orange—M. R. Kline, U. H. Esl.
Pine—L. A. Germain, Wm. Karsiner.
Roaringcreek—Abel Craig.
Scott—J. S. Bachman, R. J. Millard
Sugarloaf—Alonzo Albertson, Clinton Cole.

MARRIAGES.

KIEFER—KAILER.—On the 12th inst., by the Rev. William J. Beer, Mr. Henry Kiefer of Cattawissa, Pa., to Miss Hattie Kailer of Scott township.

MOYER—KUMBLE.—On the same day, by the same, Mr. George Moyer of Locust township, to Miss Amanda Kumble, of Ringtown, Pa.

HICKS—SEYBERT.—In Danville, September 11th, Mr. D. W. Hicks of Willow Springs, and Miss L. J. Seybert of Berwick, Pa.

DEATHS.

STALEY.—In Bloomsburg, on the 24th of September, Maggie Paxton, daughter of William and Ellen Staley, aged 5 years, 7 months and 8 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

VALUABLE HINTS.—A regular habit of body is absolutely essential to physical health and clearness of intellect. Nor is this all. Beauty of person cannot co-exist with an unnatural condition of the bowels. A free passage of the refuse matter of the system through these natural waste pipes, is as necessary to the purity of the body as the free passage of the mail of a city through its sewers is necessary to the health of its inhabitants.

Indigestion is the primary cause of most of the diseases of the discharging organs, and one of its most common results is constipation. This complaint, besides being dangerous in itself, has many disagreeable concomitants—such as an unpleasant breath, a sallow skin, contaminating blood and bile, hemorrhoids, headache, loss of memory, and dizziness.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters remove all these evils by removing their immediate cause in the digestive organs, and regulating the action of the intestines. The combination of properties in this celebrated preparation is one of its chief merits. It is not merely a stimulant or a tonic, or an antibilious purgent, or a nervine, or a blood depurent, or a cathartic, but all these curative elements judiciously blended in one powerful restorative. It lends activity and vigor to the liver, and conveys the stomach, relieves the alimentary canal of its obstructions, and gives tone to the membrane which lines it, greatly stimulates the liver, braces the nerves, and cheers the animal spirits. No other remedy possesses such a variety of hygienic virtues. It is to these characteristic virtues that it owes its prestige as a household medicine. Experience has proved that it is as harmless as it is efficacious, and hence it is as popular with the weaker sex as with the stronger.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are sold in bottles only, and the trade-mark below in the glass and engraved on the label is the best of genuineness. Beware of counterfeits. sept 13-4w

THE greatest want of the present age is men and women, healthy and vigorous in mind and body. The continued headache, weaknesses, nervousness, & varying ailments which afflict many, and are generally the result of imperfect action of the stomach and other vital organs. DR. WALKER'S California Vinegar Bitters, being composed entirely of vegetable substances indigenous to California, may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate, and are a sure remedy, correcting all wrong action and giving new vigor to the whole system. sept 1-2w

At the book store opposite the Court House you will find a large lot of slates at wholesale and retail, also stationery and books, comprising works of Poetry, History, Biography, Fiction, etc., etc. Subscriptions for Magazines solicited.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, who requires, free, a Recipe that will Restore him to Health, by addressing, in confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Box 3172 P. O. 42 Cedar St., N. Y.
feb 9, 1y.

Important Testimony!

The following letters are among the many we are constantly receiving from persons who have been cured by

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic,
AND
Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Pennsgrove, Salem County, New Jersey.
FEBRUARY 2, 1872.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of the many others who have been cured by the efficacy of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills.

Consumption has been hereditary with my family, most of its members having died of it at early ages. My mother and three brothers died at the age of 31, one brother at 27, and my sister at 18.

I was, when about 21 years, edged with liver complaint, which rapidly developed into Pulmonary Consumption. I was compelled to relinquish my employment (that of a blacksmith.)

I consulted skillful and eminent physicians, and tried many powerful nostrums, but without success, so that my friends were sure that there was no hope of my recovery, for I was reduced from 141 pounds to 104, and was not able to do anything without assistance.

By what I now look upon as a Providential interposition, I was induced to try your remedies, and have myself under your treatment, and so rapid and thorough was my recovery, that it seemed as though some superhuman power was at work, and to-day I am as well as at any time during my life. I weigh 162 pounds, am 33 years old, and for some time have been regularly attending to my business, looking fair to live to a good old age.

I am grateful to you beyond expression for having placed me in a position wherein I am a regular instead of a burden to my family.

Your Mandrake Pills are the only medicine I ever use now. I think they are the best in the world.

I can refer you to hundreds of my neighbors who will verify all I have written, and any information any of my fellow citizens may desire will be freely and gladly given, upon receipt of stamp by

Yours, etc.,
JOHN C. HEWITT.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 19, 1872.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. cor. Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir—Please forward, per first steamer, six bottles Sea Weed Tonic and twelve bottles Pulmonic Syrup.

Your medicines are of such value that I cannot be without them in my household, and in fact no family should be without them.

I have given them a fair test, and cheerfully declare them to be even better than you claim.

Very respectfully yours, &c.,
W. A. WHITEHURST.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4, 1872.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in awarding to you the certificate of the wonderful cure your Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic produced. My throat and bronchial tubes were so highly inflamed that it was almost impossible for me to swallow my food.

I ate on a visit to my uncle, Mr. Charles Johnson, No. 812 Federal street, who says your medicine raised him from a state of death after all other means had failed, and he having, therefore, full confidence in the virtue of your remedies, strongly recommended me to try them. I did so, and in one week from the time I commenced taking them my throat underwent a very great change for the better, so that I could eat my meals without any difficulty or pain. I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for the early relief your invaluable medicines produced upon me, and I deem it but an act of gratitude to give you the acknowledgement of my appreciation. Yours respectfully,
RACHEL M. JACOBS,
No. 66 West Thirty-third street, New York.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SEA WEED TONIC,
and MANDRAKE PILLS.

These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines. If properly taken, will cure Consumption. His Mandrake is his pioneer and cleanses thoroughly the Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach, and makes it digest. His Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and future throws it off without any exertion.

Files of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic, $1.50 per bottle, or $7.00 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

PREPARED ONLY AND FOR SALE BY
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. Corner SIXTH and ARCH streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And by Druggists and Dealers generally.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
602 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Wholesale Agents.
apr 12, 1872-ly

$10 made from 50c. Call and examine or 12 Samples sent post-paid for 50c. that retail quick for $5. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Square, N. Y. sept 20 1w

FREE TO AGENTS. A prospectus of the Peoples Standard Bible, of 550 illustrations, will be sent free to all book agents. Send name and address to ZIEGLER & MCCURDY, 251 Arch st. Phila. Pa. sept 13 1w

"PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental agreement all can possess, free by mail 10c. together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, fortune telling cards, dream book, &c. A queer, exciting book. 30,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO. Tribe Penn. sept 20 1w

Warren Range
First Premium Awd. Inst. 1871
Double Elevated Oven, Warming Closet, Broiling Door, Fender Guard, Improved Shaking Grate, Direct Draft. FULLER, WARREN & CO., 236 Water Street, N. Y. sept 20 1w

DUTY OFF TEAS!
EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR CLUBS!
Send for New Club Circular!
With directions for explanations of Premiums
The Way to Obtain our Goods!
Persons living at a distance from New York, can form Clubs (and get them in the same manner as we sell them at our Warehouses in New York. In order to get up a club, let each person wishing to join say how much Tea he wants, and for it Cash and get from us Tea to that amount, as published in our circulars. Write the names, Kinds and amounts plainly on a list, and when the club is complete send them to us by mail, and we will put each party's goods in separate packages and mark the name upon them, with the club's name and number, and forward them to the address of the person getting up the club, or as directed. Where a club cannot be made up, single orders can be sent by mail or express, and we will allow the same discount as to clubs. Remember we do not send out samples, but sell Teas at the prices we quote, and warrant them to be as represented or no sale.
The Great American Tea Company
P. O. Box 5643. 31 & 33 VESEY STREET, New York.

THOMPSON'S
WORLD-RENOWNED PATENT
GLOVE FITTING CORSET.

To Corset Wearers:
We would call your attention to the above cut of our Corset, which is a world-wide favorite.
It is endorsed by the Fashion Publications, and by the Leading Dressmakers throughout the country.
Ask for THOMPSON'S GLOVE-FITTING, and see that the name is stamped on the inside steel.
Sold by all First-Class Dealers.
A PERFECT FIT.
Ask for THOMPSON'S GLOVE-FITTING, every Corset being stamped with the name THOMPSON on the inside steel.
Sold by all First-Class Dealers. sept 20 4w

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale a lot of ground in Benton township, adjoining lands of estate of Jacob Ash, William Appleman and others, containing

22½ ACRES,

more or less, on which is erected a good frame house and smith shop. There is a fine young orchard, apple, peach and cherry—and a never-failing spring on the premises. Apply to NATHAN A. TUBBS, adjoining the property.
sept 20, 4t CATHARINE KLINE.

ESTRAYS.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Sugarloaf township, on or about the 1st of June, 1872, a DARK RED HEIFER, having a notch cut under and on top of the right ear, and a notch cut on the under side of the left ear. Also a PALE RED YEARLING HEIFER with notch under and on top of right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away or they will be sold according to law.

Sugarloaf, sept 20, 1872. GILBERT HESS.
6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WM. BUTLER, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of William Butler, late of Madison township, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county to James Kealy, Executor, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate will make them known to the Executor without delay.

JAMES KEALY, Executor.
ROBERT E. CLARK, Attorney. Centralia, Pa.
sept 6, '72 6w Millville, Col. Co., Pa.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr. A. G. Nichols in the firm of A. G. NICHOLS & SCHUYLER, Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a complete assortment of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES
and every description of Wagons both
PLAIN AND FANCY

warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work turned out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that many superior can be found in the county. jan 1 '71

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM J. HANNAH DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of William J. Hannah, late of Millville twp. Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned of said county. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them for settlement to the undersigned residing in said township, Columbia co. All persons having the choice of horses or mares the property of said estate are requested to take them away or they will be sold according to law.

JAMES HANNAH,
sept 13-6w Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH HAMPTON DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to the undersigned upon the estate of Elizabeth Hampton, late of Beaver twp., in said county, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned.

PETER LEVAN,
sept 13 '72 6w Administrator.

NEW

FALL

GOODS

AT

M. P. LUTZ'S

This

WEEK.

S. H. MILLER & SON,
Dealer in
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES
AND
General Merchandise,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned Executor of the Estate of Frederick Shafer, deceased, late of Centre township, Columbia county, will expose to sale at public vendue on the premises on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12th, 1872,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, a large quantity of valuable land, situate in Centre township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Adjoining lands of John Heiser and others on the north, lands of John Fenner and others on the east, William Fenner and others on the south and lands of Reuben Shafer and others on the west, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SEVEN ACRES,

more or less. The above is a good cultivated farm, well watered and in a good state of cultivation. There are erected thereon a two-story

DWELLING HOUSE,

a good Bank Barn, Wagon House, Hog House and other necessary outbuildings. Also a never-failing spring of water at the door. There is also a large orchard of choice fruit on the premises. Terms made known on the day of sale.

SAMUEL SHAFER, Executor.
sept 13-2w

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr. A. G. Nichols in the firm of A. G. NICHOLS & SCHUYLER, Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a complete assortment of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES
and every description of Wagons both
PLAIN AND FANCY

warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work turned out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that many superior can be found in the county. jan 1 '71

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM J. HANNAH DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of William J. Hannah, late of Millville twp. Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned of said county. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them for settlement to the undersigned residing in said township, Columbia co. All persons having the choice of horses or mares the property of said estate are requested to take them away or they will be sold according to law.

JAMES HANNAH,
sept 13-6w Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH HAMPTON DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to the undersigned upon the estate of Elizabeth Hampton, late of Beaver twp., in said county, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned.

PETER LEVAN,
sept 13 '72 6w Administrator.

Pennsylvania Military Academy,

A classical, business and preparatory school, Pa. (Post Office Chester). Thorough instruction in all branches of English education, Mathematics, Engineering, Military Tactics, Languages, Music, &c. Terms moderate. Session commences September 4. Thorough discipline is imparted by Well Drilled graduated officers and experienced professors. Circulars may be obtained of Rev. THEO. HYATT, Pres. P. M. A.

MANTON FEMALE INSTITUTE, on Penn. & Balt. Central R. R., Kennett Square, Chester Co., Pa., offers all the inducements that constitute a home in connection with a thorough English education, at $248 per school year. Superior advantages in Vocal and Instrumental Music, French, German, Painting and Drawing. Eastern Teach

Agricultural.

HORSES AT PASTURE.—There is a common notion among farmers having the care of horses, that when kept out and fed mostly on hay, they should not be allowed to eat grass. The reason most commonly given is that it will make them soft and throw them out of condition for severe work, and give them a distaste for hay and more solid food. This opinion is held by many professional trainers.

We think this is a mistake. There can be no doubt that grass is the natural food for the horse, for it is cooling and slightly medicinal, keeping the bowels open, sharpening the appetite and hence healthful. This is evident from the fact that if the animal is ailing there is nothing that will so surely promote digestion and remove all tendency to fever in the system as green grass.

A short nip of grass daily for a horse that is kept up is beneficial, and there need be no fear that he will lose in condition from it, or fail either in speed or strength. No farmer should deprive his horse of grass in its season. It is not only the cheapest but the best food he can have.—*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

HOW DAIRY STOCK RUN DOWN.—Dairyman complain that they cannot afford to raise their calves, that it is cheaper to buy cows to replenish their stock than to raise them. This may be when they look at the matter of present expenditure of dollars and cents. But it is questionable whether the rule holds good to the end, and whether the dairyman, or indeed the farmers generally, could not by expending $50 in raising a calf until it becomes a cow, start it on its productive existence in an improved condition so as to make a profit on the investment. As it is true that an animal starved and stunted in its early life, never regains what has been lost, so it is true that one fed and encouraged in its period of growth may be made better and more productive throughout life. If the present destruction of calves for the market is persisted in, the present scarcity of good cows must increase, and the supply to which the dairymen look to replenish their stock must decrease, and as a consequence prices must advance. Further, as the best calves are taken for the knife and the poorest retained, another element is added to those which make up the sum of the deficiency.

OVERGROWN HOGS.—There is not one single advantage to be claimed in favor of big hogs. There never was a monster hog which did not make the man who raised him pay for every pound he weighed. They do not furnish an ounce of meat gratis, but charge full price for every atom of their carcass. When slaughtered, it takes a long time to get one cool to the marrow in the bone, and then when the hams are put in salt, it is troublesome to finish them to the centre. Four hundred live weight is as large as hogs should be in order to make good bacon. Beyond this size there is a loss somewhere. Either the feeder, butcher or consumer is cheated, and as a general thing every one who has anything to do with the big hog will find, if he observes closely, that they are not so profitable as the smooth, nice hog of only 350 pounds weight. A small head, with little, upright ears, and legs and ears delicate to perfection, are marks which indicate the greatest amount of food consumed; and it will always draw more readily the attention of every butcher.

ROOTS AS FEED.—An English farmer puts in a strong plea for turnips, accounting them considerably superior for milch cows to carrots or mangel-wurzels. The milk induced by mangels is large in supply but of poorer quality and not nearly so productive of cream as that resulting from the use of turnips, and the taint given by the former roots is more objectionable and less easy to obviate or overcome to a passable degree. In giving carrots to milch cows the only recommendation they have is the absence of all unpleasant taste in the butter, as the milk is neither so abundant nor so rich as that obtained in turnip feeding.

CLOVER FOR HOGS.—An Ohio hog-raiser advocates the system of pasturing on clover during the Summer. He presents, as the advantage of his plan, the statement that an acre of ground in clover will pasture five hogs four months, and that it will take the corn from half an acre to feed them the same time. The cultivation of the corn he counts equal to the rest of the other half acre. He further claims that hogs pastured on clover are in far better condition than if fed on corn, as they are better framed, healthier, and eat better, and also states that the land is enriched by the clover pasturing.

TREATMENT OF COLTS.—Col. Colman of *The Rural World*, who thinks if there were no passionate men there would be no balky horses, advises that the young colt be given over to a little boy of good temper. Let the child play with him; hang around him; lead him with a halter; as soon as he is strong enough, get upon him, and let him walk about at will—and that horse will need no "breaking," but will come to his work like a rational creature, as he is. But when he is suffered to run perfectly wild until he has attained his growth and strength, and then approached with halter, saddle and bridle, he is terrified, unmanageable, and frequently the "breaking" results in breaking his spirit, his constitution, or his neck; or he refuses to be subdued, and only yields obedience to force, remaining always balky and vicious.

WASTED WATER.—One acre of mead ow that can be irrigated is worth three acres not susceptible of such treatment. A large proportion of farms in the Eastern States might, to a greater or less extent, be brought under this system. Wherever there is a spring flowing from high ground it may be gathered into a small stream, turned into a plow furrow, and led back and forth across the lower lands to nourish the grass. Wherever a stream has a fall of a few feet there its waters may be carried in lateral channels, and made to overflow more or less of the soil along its banks. Every farmer should practice with an ordinary spirit level until he is able to determine sufficiently well where and how he can turn water upon his fields.

Young Folks.

Katie's Dream.

Katie fell asleep by the fire one afternoon, and when she awoke she said to her mother—

"Oh, mother, I have had such a dream!"

And her mother said—

"What was it, Katie? tell it me."

So she rubbed her little eyes, and began:

"I dreampt I was a good fairy, in a green gauze dress; and I had a wand; and when I saw any one sick, or sorry, or in distress, I just tapped them with my wand—that's a long stick you know, mother—and in a minute they were well and happy. And I like to see them glad; and they loved me so. Oh mother, I wish I could be a good fairy! but I know I can't for there are not really such things as fairys at all, you know."

And Katie looked quite unhappy for a minute.

But her mother asked—

"What would you do, Katie, if you really were a fairy? Come now, think it over, and tell me."

So Katie thought a minute very hard, and then she said—

"I'd make baby all right, the minute he tumbled down, and not let him cry a bit. And granny's dim eyes should see well, and the stitches in her knitting be picked up the minute they fell. And poor sick Bertie, in the cottage, should get better, and not fret so, as he does—And—and, father should have lots of money to buy that piece of land he wants for a school. O mammy what a big tap I should have to give for that; and then up would jump the school with a porch all covered with flowers. But, O dear! I mustn't think about it, for it only makes me so sorry that I can't be a good fairy."

Katie's mother smiled at this, and answered:

"But I think you might be a good fairy, dear, if you liked."

Katie jumped up, wide awake now.

"O mother! What do you mean? Do tell me! But, O dear! I hear granny calling me. Wait a minute."

And off scampered Katie to do an errand for granny.

Katie's father was a clergyman, so Katie saw and heard a great deal of other people's troubles, which perhaps was the cause of her dream.

That evening when baby came down for his half-hour in the drawing room he was fretful, and when it was his bed-time he would not go unless Katie did too.—Now it was not Katie's bed-time, and she wished very much to stay; but the little brother put up his lip, and cried for her.

Katie half meant to let him be carried off sobbing; but she heard a tiny whisper from her mother of "good fairy." A light came into her eyes, and she trotted off with baby, who was always happy with her.

Next day, granny lost her spectacles. Katie was busy making a bead-mat; but something said to her (not her mother this time), "good fairy," and down went the beads, and down went Katie on her knees under the sofa looking for the spectacles.

"Good little fairy," said granny, as Katie appeared with the lost treasure.

"I must try to be a fairy to sick Bertie, too," said Katie to herself.

So each day she went down the lane with flowers, or toys, or an amusing story: and though it was dull sitting in a dark cottage, she tried not to mind that. And Bertie liked her visits very much.

"It does him all the good in the world, Miss, your chatting to him a bit," said his mother. "Why, the doctor came yesterday, and said he wasn't the same child. 'Amuse him,' says he, 'and he'll get over this.'"

Katie was actually doing all she had thought the good fairy could do, and without the wand; all except the school, at least; and wish and plan how she would, she could not make that appear. No: it certainly wanted the fairy's tap, tap, to do that. And Katie almost forgot the school in the visit of an old uncle—who was gouty, and sometimes cross, and whom Katie was very much afraid of at first. But by-and-by she grew sorry for him, when she saw how his leg hurt him; and she forgot to feel angry that he did not like baby in the room, and often scolded Muff, her dear little dog. And, by-and-by, out of sheer pity, she grew to wait on him as she did on her grandmother—fetching him the newspaper, telling him when it was time for his medicine, and making herself so busy attending to his comforts, that she never had time now to think about fairys. One day, Uncle Dick was very chatty, and something in the conversation turning on dreams, Katie told her dream again. And ever after that, Uncle Dick called her his good fairy, and he brought her a green winter dress—not gauze, but good warm stuff—and used to joke her about the wand.

"You haven't got that," he used to say, "or else I should see that school popping up in the village. Ah, we must wait a bit for that!"

But how long do you think they waited?

Only till her birthday. Then Katie found on her plate an envelope. All sorts of thin crackling paper came out of the envelope, on which was written, "A wand for my good fairy, with which to tap for the school."

Uncle Dick had put bank-notes—$300—in that envelope, and Katie's father was to have his school directly.

"Mother," said Katie, her eyes glistening, "I needn't wish to be a good fairy any more, need I?"

"Darling," said Katie's mother, and grandmother, and Uncle Dick, "we think you are already."—CHILDREN'S PRIZE.

The post-mortem examination of a Shanghai cock in Georgia the other day revealed his crop full of small brass buttons, which has afforded a certain sort of consolation to the parents of a little boy who mysteriously disappeared there some time ago.

A Solomonian parent in Michigan having rather spoiled a rod than spared his child, the dutiful little boy laid wait for him with a shot-gun and gave him another sort of charge to keep, and of such is the kingdom of heaven.

A man a hundred years old went to have a pair of shoes made. The shopkeeper suggested that he might not live to wear them out, when the old man retorted that he commenced this one hundred years a good deal stronger than he did the last one.

Miscellaneous.

BOOTS & SHOES.

AT

E. M. KNORR'S

SPRING STYLES,

THE LATEST AND BEST.

Every variety for Men, Women and Children.

OLD STOCK

Selling at Cost to close out to make room for

NEW GOODS.

Bargains! Bargains!

CALL AND SEE.

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

At Astonishingly Low Prices.
Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

BERWICK, PENN A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES.
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited.

JOHN G. JACOBY.

Berwick, Jan 1'71—tv

CONNELL & BATTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUILDERS' AND CARRIAGE

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS,

Rims, Hubs and Spokes, Springs,

AXLES, and PIPE BOXES,
HORSE SHOES, and
HORSE SHOE NAILS,
CEMENT, PLASTER and SAND,
GLASS, PAINTS, PUTTY,
OILS and TURPENTINE,
Manufacturers of

TIN WARE.

Agents for

Fairbank's Scales!

PLUMBING,

STEAM and

GAS FITTING.

Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

118 Penn Avenue,

SCRANTON, PA.

apr. 4, 1872-tf.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT:

Strike out the sixth section of the article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speakers of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, June 26th, 1872.
July 5th, 1872. 3m.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

SPRING GOODS

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, in the new Block,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where no has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCO, GUM AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTH AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
oct1'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.

In the wonderful medicine to which the afflicted are above pointed for relief, the discoverer believes he has combined in harmony more of Nature's most sovereign curative properties, which God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever before combined in one medicine. The evidence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs,** and the early stages of **Consumption,** it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and **purifies the blood.** By its great and thorough blood purifying properties, it cures all **Humors,** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption.** Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. **Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful purifying and invigorating medicine.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face or body, frequent headaches, dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flashes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver** or **"Biliousness."** In many cases of **"Liver Complaint"** only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect cures, leaving the liver smooth and healthy. For the cure of **Habitual Constipation** of the bowels it has never failed. For sale by druggists.

The proprietor offers $1,000 reward for a medicine that will equal it, for the cure of all the diseases for which it is recommended.

Sold by Druggists. Prepared by R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

m1871y.

REMOVAL!!

I. W. NILES',

MUSIC WAREROOMS

have been removed to the

NEW BRICK BUILDING

OPPOSITE the EPISCOPAL CHURCH, MAIN ST.

Where he will keep a general assortment of

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC,

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS,

and all KINDS of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Also MUSIC BOOKS for all INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES

AND PRICES.

THE SHOEMAKER PIANO

is the cheapest First Class Piano in the market.

Having secured the Agency of the

GEO. WOODS' RENOWNED ORGANS,
for Columbia County, together with the

CELEBRATED TEMPLE ANGELIC

furnishes advantages to purchasers not found elsewhere.

STATIONARY OF ALL KINDS.

A full assortment of

SQUARE AND OVAL FRAMEES,

all styles and prices constantly on hand.

STEEL ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS & COLORED PRINTS, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

Call and examine. mch8'72-6m.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE

AND

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

will open under the entire control of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution

REV. JOHN HEWITT,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in other educational enterprises of a like nature; and they ask and have a right to demand for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we are determined it shall not be second in the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and education.

The fall and winter session of twelve weeks will begin

MONDAY, AUGUST 26TH,

and close

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and heat, per week, $5.00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, sixty cents per week. In the primary, forty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra.

Bills are payable, and must be paid promptly; one-half at the beginning and the other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary. L. B. RUPERT, President.

AGENTS Wanted for BELDEN, The White Chief! Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

The remarkable adventures of the famous WHITE CHIEF and BIG WARRIOR among the Red Skins. Thrilling accounts of Great Hunts, Hairbreadth Escapes and Terrible Conflicts with the big game and hostile tribes. Spirited descriptions of the habits and superstitions of that strange people, Their Sports, Legends, Traditions, How they Woo and Wed, Scalp, Doctor, Worship, &c. New, Fresh and Popular, Price Low. It is selling by the thousands with wonderful rapidity. Agents are making from $5 to $100 per week. Choice field yet vacant. Send at once for sample chapters, illustrations and particulars to A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher, 403 Chestnut St., Phila

jan27'71-tf.

The Race of Time Keepers.

M. B. ALLEBACH

DEALER IN

WATCHES and JEWELRY

DANVILLE Pa,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, FRENCH CLOCKS, SWISS AND AMERICAN STEM WATCHES.

THE RENOWNED ELGIN WATCHES.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE JEWELRY, DIAMONDS &c.

Repairing promptly attended to

Moyers' Column.

PUBLIC ATTENTION

MOYER BROS,

M

To the fact that they are still pushing the Drug business with all the energy so characteristic of themselves in former times, at their old business stands in

BROWER'S BLOCK,

and at the Corner of Main and Market Streets.

O

Their stock is larger and more varied than can be found in any other establishment short of Philadelphia or New York. All of which is offered in large or small quantities at figures as low if not lower, than same goods can be purchased elsewhere. Call and examine for yourself. The wholesale department under the immediate supervision and control of the firm, comprises

Y

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &C., &C.

They keep constantly on hand from five to six different brands of White Lead, among which is

John T. Lewis & Bros., Buck Lead, White Oak, Diamond, Arctic, &c., Varnishes, Coach, Furniture, Damar, Shellac and Japan Dryer.

In colors you will find Umbers both dry and in oil, Siennas, Bronzes, Metallic and Vandyke, Reds Venetian, Red Lead, American and Chinese Vermillions, Blues, Yellows and Greens.

E

among which are the celebrated Versailles and Shamrock, very handsome and permanent, and especially adapted to the painting of blinds, &c. Linseed Oil, Turpentine, &c. All sizes window glass, large sizes of superior quality for pictures, a speciality. Castor oil by the gallon or dozen. Laudanum, Paregoric, Bateman's drops, golden Tincture, Balsam De Malthi, Godfrey's Cordial, Essences Lemon, Peppermint, Wintergreen and Cinnamon. All the popular patent medicines of the day, among which we enumerate.

Ayres, Jaynes, Vinegar Bitters, Hostetler's, Drake's, and Hoofland's German Bitters, Pills, Wright's Jayne's, Schenck's, and all others known to the Community.

R

A large and varied assortment of Knights world renowned cooking extracts.

Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Raspberry, Strawberry, Pine Apple, Celery, Banana, &c., are offered below manufacturers prices, to country merchants, Spices, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper, Mace, Mustard, &c., at bottom prices, ALSO, Roll and Flour Sulphur, Epsom Salts, Salt Petre, Calabra Liquorice, Gum Camphor, Borax, Assafœtida, Cattle and Horse Powders, Blue Vitriol, Extract Logwood, Castile and Laundry Soaps, Lamp Chimneys, and Lamp goods generally. Lump Chalk, Silver sand, Calcined Plaster, Rosendale Cement by the barrel or bushel.

B

The celebrated Milleville Fruit Jar, acknowledged to be by far the best in the Markets, all glass, of superior material and workmanship. Consumers having once used these, will have no other.

Country Physicians will find our stock full and complete, comprising all the old staples of the Materia Medica, as well as all the latter discoveries of medical science. Quinine, Morphia and Opium always in store. Hance Bros. and White's pharmaceutical preparations, Fluid and Solid extracts Elixirs and Pills of the Pharmacopeia superseded. Powers and Weightman's Chemicals, and Prof. Squibb's no name, a full stock.

R

Farmers and others will find our stock of Pure Ground Western Bone, Oil of Vitriol, Sulphate of Soda and Nitrate of Soda, of better quality and at lower prices than can be found elsewhere. ALSO AND WAGON MAKERS would do well to see our stock of Lead before purchasing elsewhere.

O

Our retail and Prescription department is under the supervision of

MR. A. B. CATHCART,

who has had years of experience in the business, able and competent assistants always in attendance. This department consists of the compounding of Physicians' prescriptions and family recipes, the putting up of Dye Stuffs, etc.,

T

the retailing of Patent Medicines an I Druggist's sundries, such as Perfumery, comprising all of the finest choice from our most eminent American manufacturers and the specialties of all the Foreign, French, English, German and Italian Perfumers

H

Toilet Soaps in large variety, both imported and Domestic.

Fine Hair, Tooth, Flesh, Clothes, Shaving & Nail Brushes, Trusses, Shoulder Braces & Supporters, Nursing Bottles, Pocket Books, Bill Books, &c., &c.

Cigars of rarest an I choicest brands from 5 cts., to 25 cts., each.

E

Pipes and cigar smokers and many things impossible to enumerate here. The handsomest

SODA FOUNTAIN

in this part of the State, called the "Iceberg," from which is constantly drawn, those cool and refreshing beverages so popular with the American public, also, the medicated waters of Vichy, Saratoga and Seltzer.

R

Our Manufacturing Department, comprises all the official preparations of the U.S. Pharmacopeia, Tinctures, Syrups, etc.

OIL OF GLADNESS

a specific for Croup, Burns and Scalds and one of the most valuable auxiliaries to the cure of yellow piles, hoarseness, etc., ever known. The largely increasing sales attest its popularity as a household remedy.

S

Moyer's Tar Cough Drops a valuable remedy for coughs of long standing and incipient consumption. Flavoring extracts, Essence Jamaica Ginger, etc. To all of which we ask the attention of the general public.

The wagon will still continue to pay its stated visits to their country customers.

MOYER BROS.

May 10, 1y.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY — CALIFORNIA

WALKER'S — VINEGAR BITTERS

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful solvent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worm, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic and Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

J. WALKER, R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce St., Cor. of Charlton St., New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

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THE QUEEN

THE AMERICAN

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND COMPLETE SEWING MACHINE.

The first and only BUTTON-HOLE AND SEWING MACHINE combined that has made its advent in this or any other country.

The following reasons are given why this is the best.

Family Machine to Purchase.

1. Because it will do everything that any machine can do, sewing from the finest to the coarsest material, hemming, felling, cording, braiding, binding gathering and sewing on, at the same time ruffling, quilting, etc., better than any other machine.

2. Because it can work a beautiful button-hole, making as fine a pearl as by the hand.

3. Because it will run lighter over the edge, making a neat and beautiful border on any garment.

4. Because it will work a beautiful eyelet hole.

5. Because it can do over-hand seaming, by which sheets, pillow cases and the like are sewed over and over.

6. Because the best mechanics pronounce it the best finished and made on the best principle of any machine manufactured.—It has no springs to break; nothing to get out of order.

7. Because it is two machines in one. A BUTTON-HOLE Worked and SEWING Machine combined.

There is no other Machine can accomplish the kind of sewing stated in Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Parties using a family sewing machine want a WHOLE MACHINE, one with all the improvements.

It is to last a LIFETIME, and therefore one is wanted that will do the most work, and do it the best: and this machine can do several kinds of sewing not done on ANY OTHER MACHINE, besides doing every kind that all others can do.

The American or Plain Sewing Machine.

(Without the button-hole parts), does all that is done on the Combination except button-hole and over-seaming.

S. J. FAUX, Agent,

BLOOMSBURG, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

COMPANY'S WAREROOMS,
1013 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Examine them before purchasing any other Sewing Machine. m21872-6m.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

AND

General Merchandise,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

jan20'72-tf

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SALES OF SEWING MACHINES IN 1871, as reports, under oath, in 1872, to the owners of the Sewing Machine Patents, show that the

SINGER

MANUFACTURING COMPANY

LAST YEAR SOLD

181, 260 Machines,

NINETY PER CENT. OF THEM BEING FOR FAMILY USE.

THIS IS OVER

50,000

MORE SEWING MACHINES THAN WERE SOLD BY ANY OTHER COMPANY DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

34 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE.....1308 Chestnut St.
J. A. DIXON, Agt. 18.....Bloomsburg.
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AGENTS! QUICK! or you will miss choice of territory. There is a rush for it on DIO LEWIS' last and greatest work.

OUR DIGESTION,

or, MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET.

It is by odds the most taking and saleable book in the field. 1 It is on a vitally important subject. 2 It is by America's most popular writer on health. 3 It is, for the price, the largest and handsomest book ever sold by subscription. Agents, the people are eager for such a book and will urge you to bring it to them. Write for terms, &c., free.

GEORGE MACLEAN, Publisher,
april 26, '72-tf. 723 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

Rail Roads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

Eight Trains (Daily) to and from Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and Two Trains (Daily) to and from Erie, (Sundays Excepted.)

ON and after Monday, June 3, the Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from Harrisburg and arrive at Philadelphia and Pittsburg as follows:

EASTWARD.

2.50—Philadelphia Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 2.50 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m.

3.25—Fast Line leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 3.25 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7.05 a. m.

8.30—Mail Train leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 8.30 p. m. and arrives at Philadelphia at 12.01 a. m.

9.55—Pacific express leaves Harrisburg daily at 9.55 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 1.30 p. m.

2.05—Elmira Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sundays at 2.05 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6.30 p. m.

8.25—Cincinnati Express leaves Harrisburg daily at 8.25 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 2.20 a. m.

3.35—Harrisburg Accommodation leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 3.35 p.m.; arrives at Philadelphia at 8.40 p. m.

7.30—Lancaster Train, via Mount Joy, leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sundays) at 7.30 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 12.40 p. m.

WESTWARD.

1.15—Erie Express west, for Erie, leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 1.15 p. m., arriving at Erie at 7.20 p. m.

8.15—Erie Mail west, for Erie, leaves Harrisburg daily at 8.15 a. m., arriving at Erie at 3.25 p. m.

10.50—Cincinnati Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Saturday) at 10.50 p. m., arrives at Altoona at 3.15 a. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 8.20 a. m.

4.05—Pacific Express leaves Harrisburg daily at 4.05 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 9.50 a. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 2.45 p. m.

12.55—Southern Express leaves Harrisburg daily at 12.55 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 6.30 a. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 10.10 a. m.

4.30—Fast Line leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 4.30 p. m., arrives at Altoona at 9.05 p. m., takes supper and arrives at Pittsburg at 10.15 p. m.

12.35—Mail Train, leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 12.20 p. m. arrives at Altoona at 5.15 p. m., takes supper and arrives at Pittsburg at 9.05 p. m.

7.30—Way Passenger Train leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 7.30 a. m. arrives at Altoona at 12.05 p. m. and at Pittsburg at 5.00 p. m.

5.00—Through Passenger Train leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 5.00 a. m. arrives at Altoona at 9.05 a. m. and arrives at Pittsburg at 1.55 p. m.

SAMUEL A. BLAIR,
8apt. Mid. Div. P. R. R.

SHORTEST ROUTE EASTWARD.

Danville, Hazleton & Wilkesbarre R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

EASTWARD. LEAVE.	A. M.	P. M.	WESTWARD. LEAVE.
Sunbury	7.00	3.45	New York.
Danville	7.35	4.15	Boston.
Catawissa	7.58	4.38	Potts.
Hazleton	9.08	5.42	Bethlehem.
Bethlehem	12.01	12.05	Hazleton.
Philadelphia	4.25	2.15	Catawissa.
Hazleton	12.01	12.05	Danville.
New York	4.25	2.15	Sunbury.

The afternoon train connects at Sunbury with the P. & E. 4.35 p. m. train going West; arrives at Williamsport 8.05; Lock Haven 10.30, and with the Northern Central 4.30 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 7.00 p. m., and Baltimore 9.45 p. m., and also with the Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad.

Comfortable and handsome Coaches on the new route.

J. HERVEY KASE, Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

On and after June 3rd, 1872, Trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

12.30 P. M. Daily to Williamsport, Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.

12.40 P. M. Buffalo, N. Falls, &c.

6.05 a. m. Williamsport Elmira Express.

6.55 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Elmira.

4.50 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, via. Erie Railroad from Elmira.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

12.45 A. M. Daily for Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia.

11.05 A. M. Daily (except Sunday) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.

5.37 P. M. Daily (except Sunday) for Baltimore, Philadelphia, &c.

J. D. S. YOUNG
General Passenger Agent.

ALFRED R. FISH, Gen'l. Sup't.

READING RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1st 1872

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: At 5.00, 8.10, a. m., and 2.40 p. m. connecting with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12.05, 5.30, and